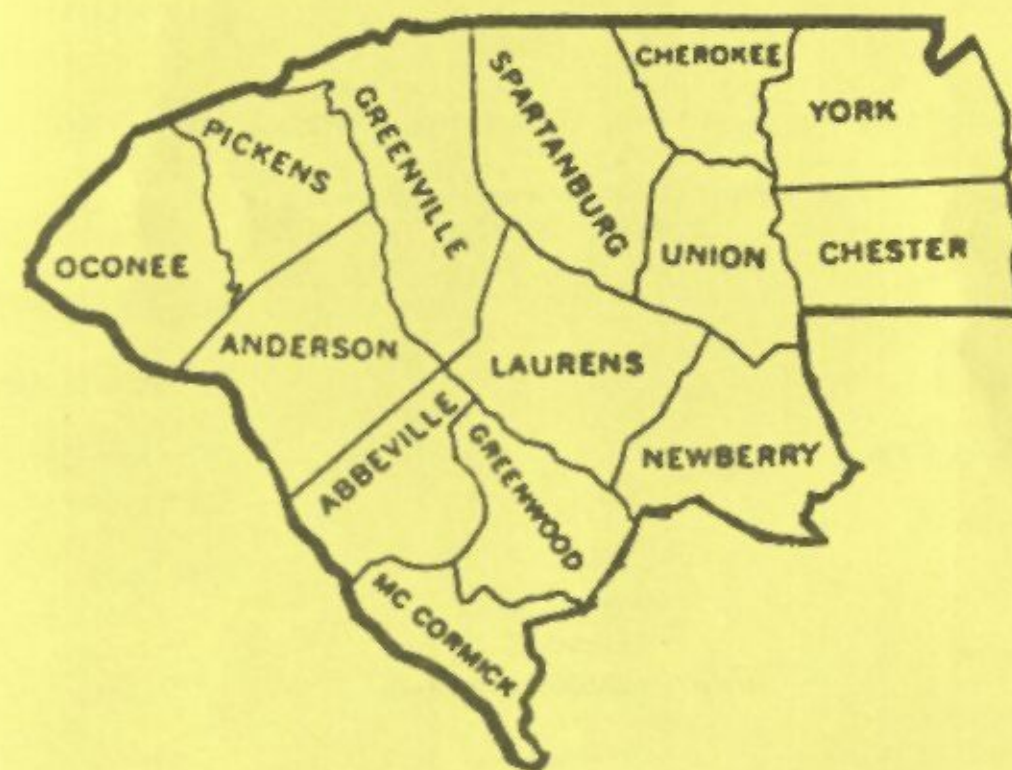


KENNEDY ROOM

UPPER SOUTH CAROLINA GENEALOGY & HISTORY



PUBLISHED BY THE PIEDMONT HISTORICAL SOCIETY

S975.705 SC Upper
v.16 (2002)
Piedmont Historical
Society (S.C.)
Upper South Carolina
genealogy & history.

5.705

per
16:1
02

VOLUME XVI, NO. 1

Spartanburg County Public Libraries
151 S. Church Street
Spartanburg, SC 29306-3241

FEBRUARY 2002

The Piedmont Historical Society was formed in 1978 and chartered in 1981 under the laws of South Carolina for the purpose of collecting, preserving and publishing historical and genealogical records of upstate South Carolina and other areas of the state.

OFFICERS

President
Joseph R. Gainey

Vice President
Bob Cartee

Treasurers
Dr. James L. Reid
Faye Berry

Recording Secretary
Corresponding Secretary

Nancy Crocker
Faye Berry

Program Director

Lynn Sellers

Special Collections: Betty Jean Foster Dill, Lynn Sellers, Beverly Floyd-Abdullah

Upper South Carolina Genealogy & History
ISSN 1094-7329

Managing Editor

Joseph R. Gainey

Research Editor

Dr. James L. Reid

Associate Research Editors

Betty Jean Dill
Lynn Sellers

Queries Editor

Faye Berry

Webmaster
Frank Dill
email: frankdill@home.com

Website
<http://www.angelfire.com/sc/piedmonths/>

THE PIEDMONT HISTORICAL SOCIETY
P O BOX 8096
SPARTANBURG, SOUTH CAROLINA 29305-8096
phone: 864-585-8125
email: fbjrgphs@spartanburg.net

UPPER SOUTH CAROLINA GENEALOGY AND HISTORY

Volume XVI	February 2002	Number 1
Bible Record of Thomas Gilliland Boggs of Pickens District		1
A Fire at Pickensville in 1816		2
The Family Groups of Two Dillard Brothers of Pickens District		3
Family Record of Harrison P. Dillard		3
Family Record of Bakos T. Dillard		4
Obituary of Thomas A. Dillard, Formerly of Pickens District		6
Two Letters to the Editor on the Partition of Pendleton District		7
An Early Historical Perspective on the Cherokee Indians		8
A Congressional Proclamation in 1788 Concerning the Cherokee Indians		9
Final Sale of Cherokee Indian Land in South Carolina		10
How Jackson Got His Title "Old Hickory"		10
Old Hickory Was Sharp		11
Death of Mrs. Margaret Griffen of Pendleton District		11
Death Notice of Mrs. Sallie Dillard		11
The Removal of the Body of Col. Benjamin Frazier to Edgefield		12
Obituary of John Jones Brown of Spartanburg District		12
Some York District Marriages and Deaths in 1823		13
Bean-Greenfield Wedding in Newberry District		13
Death Notice in 1823 of Henry Farnands of Union District		14
Five Abbeville District Marriages in 1843		14
Death Notice of Joseph Black, Rev. War Vet., of Abbeville		14
Obituary in 1816 of James Newton, 93, of Fairfield District		14
Grave of Robert Maxwell, Rev. War Hero of Greenville County		15
Upstate Death Notices in 1816 from the Charleston Courier		16
O. M. Abbott, Son of Rev. War Soldier Lives in Oconee County (1939)		17
Oliver M. Abbott, Son of Rev. War Soldier Seeks Pension in 1943		18
Obituary of Oliver Miller Abbott of Oconee County		19
Obituary of Mrs. Sarah Doyle Abbott		19
Family Groups and Family Connections from County Court Records		20
Chester District Equity Court Records Direct and Cross Indices Equity Bills 1820-1874		30
Family Group of Bartlett Milam of Laurens District		32
A Really Old Bennett Family Bible Record		32
Courtship in Two Parts. II		33
1907 Spartanburg Daily Herald Newspaper Items		34
City Turned Its Back on These Soldiers		35
Items From The Carolina Spartan and The Journal Newspapers		38
Postmasters at Una, South Carolina		41
Breazeale Family Reunion Organized at Anderson		42
Obituary of William Waller of Anderson District		43
Obituary of Nathaniel Jeffers of Anderson District		44
Spartanburg in the British Museum		44
The Oldest Man in the County		44
Henry Abbott's Talk		44
Book Review		45
Homicide		46
Queries		47
Greenville County, SC Criminal Index 1801-1901		48
Some Names from Union District Poor Records		49
Index		49-51

Spartanburg County Public Libraries
151 S. Church Street
Spartanburg, SC 29306-3241

Published quarterly in February, May, August, and November.
© 2002 by the Piedmont Historical Society

BIBLE RECORD OF THOMAS GILLILAND BOGGS OF PICKENS DISTRICT

Source: The public vertical files of the Faith Clayton Collection at Southern Wesleyan University, Central (Pickens County), South Carolina.

Editor's Note: There are two copies of this Bible record in the file. One of them is a photocopy of the original family record pages, submitted by Julia Woodson of Liberty, SC. The other copy is a handwritten transcription of the family record pages with the note: "The family Bible of Thomas G. Boggs in possession of Mrs. Maggie Boggs, Liberty." The publisher and publication date of the Bible are not recorded on either copy. Notations that do not appear in the original record are enclosed by square brackets, [].

FAMILY RECORD

Births

Tho^s Gilliland Boggs was born Feb 15th 1795

Eleanor Boggs was born Jan 27th 1795

G. W. Boggs was born Feb 25th 1819

Jane E. Boggs was born Feb 3rd 1821

Tho^s H. Boggs was born May 6th 1823

Joseph Addison Boggs was born Feb 11th 1825

Mary Ann Boggs was born March 14th 1827

D. C. Boggs was born Mar 18th 1828

John C. Boggs was born May 6th 1830

W^m G. Boggs was born May 14th 1833

L. C. Boggs was born Aug 7th 1836

[Mrs. Maggie Boggs notes that this last child was "Isabelle". Mrs. Woodson's record did not include this entry.]

[The birthdate of Joseph Addison Boggs and those of his two wives appear in the right hand column of the original record.]

Joseph Addison Boggs was born Feb 11th 1825

Jane S Templeton was born Oct. 31st 1829

Eunice Pauline Stewart was born Dec 21st 1823

Marriages

Joseph Addison Boggs and Jane Templeton were married Dec 25th 1850

Joseph Addison Boggs and Eunice Pauline Stewart were married Dec 25th 1857

[The following births are for the children of Joseph Addison Boggs.]

Births

John Tho^s Boggs was born Nov 11th 1851

Ella Cathlein Boggs was born July 10th 1853

Geo Leland Boggs was born Mar 31st 1855

Lizzie Jane Boggs was born April 15th 1859

Mary Josephine Boggs was born June 25th 1861

Walter Lewers Boggs was born Dec 21st 1862

Sarah Ada Boggs was born April 12th 1866

Louise Florence Boggs was born April 8th 1868

Corrie Addilein Boggs was born Mar 6th 1872

Maggie Elloise Neely was born May 16th 1875

Mary Byers Boggs was born [left blank]

Marriages [of children of Joseph Addison Boggs--incomplete]

John Thomas Boggs and Mary H. Byers were married April 4, 1889

Walters Lewers Boggs and Maggie Elloise Neely were married Dec. 27 1892

Corrie A Boggs and T. H. Galloway were married Nov. 13, 1906

Walters Lewers Boggs and Rhea James were married Jan 5th 1924

[Mrs. Maggie Boggs lists some later descendants in her record that are not recorded here.]

Deaths

Thos Gilliland Boggs died May 11th 1889

[His obituary appears in the May 2001 issue of this *Quarterly* (Vol. XV, No 2, p. 94). See page 26 of this current issue for additional information on him and his siblings.]

Eleanor Boggs died Aug. 21st 1885

[Eleanor was the daughter of Thomas Hamilton and his wife Jane Kennedy. See the November 2001 issue of this *Quarterly* (Vol. XV, No 4, p. 210) for her family of siblings.]

Joseph Addison Boggs died Jan 10th 1894

Jane S. Boggs died Oct 1st 1855

Ella Cathlein Boggs died June 15th 1854

Louise Florence Boggs died Sept. 19th 18679

S. Ada B. Wertz Died May 15th 1894

Lizzie J. Boggs Dupree Died Sept 23rd 1899

Eunice Pauline Boggs died Apr 19, 1900

Mary Josephine Greer died March 10, 1902

Corrie Boggs Galloway died Nov. 8, 1911

[Later deaths recorded in the Bible are not included here.]

A FIRE AT PICKENSVILLE IN 1816

Source: *The Charleston Courier*, issue of Saturday April 6, 1816, p. 2, col. 3.

A fire took place at Pickensville, in this state, on the 16th ult. which destroyed the dwelling-house, two stores, and out-buildings belonging to Mr. James Osborn, and partly occupied by Messrs. E. Hamlin, Henry Terrell, Wm Robertson, and Dr. Turner. The whole loss was estimated at 8000 dollars.

THE FAMILY GROUPS OF TWO DILLARD BROTHERS OF PICKENS DISTRICT

Contributed by Dr. James L. Reid, 730 Walnut Hill Road, Campobello, SC 29322.

The major sources for the following genealogical profile are photocopies of two family Bible records available in the public vertical files (in the same folder) of the Faith Clayton Collection at Southern Wesleyan University located near the town of Central (Pickens County), SC. The first Bible record contains the family group of Pleasant Harrison Dillard; a variation on his name is Haris P. Dillard. There is no publisher named, nor is there a publication date from the original Bible. This Bible record also contains information on siblings of Pleasant Harrison Dillard, including his brother Balus T. Dillard. The second Bible record gives the family group of Balus T. Dillard. This *Pictorial Family Bible* was published in 1872 by the National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa. I have augmented both Bible records with information from tombstone inscriptions, obituaries, and old newspaper items.

Statements and notes that are not in the original records are enclosed by square brackets, [].

FAMILY RECORD OF HARRISON P. DILLARD

Marriages

Pleasant Harrison Dillard was Married March the 4 1858

[The Bible record does not name his bride. However, this marriage was recorded in the Keowee Courier, issue of Saturday, March 13, 1858, p. 3, col. 3: MARRIED, on the 4th instant, by Rev. W. G. Mullinax, Mr. Harrison Dillard to Miss Margaret Hamilton, all of Pickens.]

Thomas A. Dillard was married February the 5 1860

[Thomas was a brother to Harrison and Balus.]

Births

Haris P. Dillard born May 10 1837

[The Bible record does not record the birthdate of Margaret Hamilton Dillard. Her tombstone in the cemetery of the Old Stone Church near Clemson University shows her birth date as May 7, 1838. Their children's birthdates are as follows:]

- [1] Hattie A Dillard was born Jan 14 1859
[Died March 14, 1943; married Henry C. Wright.]
- [2] Balus S. Dillard was born Dec. 15 1861
[Died as a child.]
- [3] Willie Lee Dillard was born Sept 20 1866
[Died January 10, 1921; remained single.]
- [4] Sarah E. "Lizzie" Dillard was born May 23 1868
[Died December 21, 1932; married Isaac U. Brakefield.]
- [5] Mary Martha Dillard was born Sept 6 1870
[Died after March 14, 1943; married J. Henry Carlisle.]
- [6] Thomas Lawrence Dillard was born Oct. 18, 1872
[Died April 16, 1934; married Pauline McLeskey.]
- [7] John Hamilton Dillard was born Nov 17, 1875
[Died December 8, 1942; married Cornelia Arnold.]

[Two additional birthdates recorded in this family record are the following:]

Sarah A. Dillard was born September the 25 1845

Balus T. Dillard was born September the 4 1839

[These two entries are repeated on another page, with Sarah A. Dillard's birthdate changed to September 25, 1844.]

Deaths

Died on 22 of Feb 1864 Balus Smith Dillard Son of Harris [and] Margaret Dillard

aged 3 y 2 months 7 days

Sarah A Dillard Died July 6th 1875

[Given the context, it is highly probable that Sarah A. was a sister to Harris (on) and Balus Dillard. The death dates of Harris and Margaret Dillard are known from their tombstones in the cemetery of Old Stone Church near Clemson, SC.]

Harris P. Dillard Died 8 Oct. 1911, age 75 yrs. Husband of Margaret Hamilton Dillard. CSA

Margaret Hamilton Dillard 7 May 1838-17 Dec. 1909. Wife of Harris P. Dillard.

FAMILY RECORD OF BALUS T. DILLARD

Marriages

Balus T Dillard and Mary T Gaines was Married Dec the 21 1865 by Rev Carlisle

J S Moore and A L Dillard was married April the 8 1895

J Whit Dillard & Addie M Cox married April 9, 1932 By Rev John K. Goode

Births

- [1] J P Dillard was born Nov the 3 1866
[James P. Dillard died November 2, 1937; married Etta King.]
- [2] E W Dillard was born Aug the 8 1868
[William Eugene Dillard died October 11, 1950; m1 Eliza Jane "Janie" Timms, m2 Mrs. Annie Laura (Frazier) Todd.]
- [3] A L Dillard was born Feb the 5 1870
[Annie L. Dillard died July 9, 1942; married John S. Moore.]
- [4] M E Dillard was born Sep the 7 1871
[Margaret Ellen Dillard died February 17, 1917; m1 James W. Landress, m2 Lige E. Hunter.]
- [5] T G Dillard was born Feb the 27 1873
[Tobias Gibson Dillard died January 11, 1954; married Margaret Lee Cox.]
- [6] Janneviere[?] Dillard was born July the 7 1875
[Jennie Dillard February 10, 1910; married Jesse Landrum Shelton.]
- [7] Barnet G Dillard was born June the 14 1877
[Died as a child.]
- [8] Balus Dillard was born April the 29 1880
[Baylis T. Dillard died March 11, 1938; married Sophia Maukin.]
- [9] J W Dillard was born Sep the 18 1881
[Joseph Whitfield Dillard died April 6, 1955; married Addie M. Cox.]
- [10] M L Dillard was born July the 28 1883
[Mamie L. Dillard died between 1969 and 1974; married Frank H. Barker, resided Vidalia, Ga.]
- [11] Earnest Dillard was born Nov. the 22 1885
[Died April 22, 1974; married Ruby Lee Sears.]
- [12] Perler Dillard was born April the 13, 1887
[Pearl Dillard died April 12, 1941; married Clint Taylor.]
- [13] Frank Dillard was born Dec the 14 1889
[Died August 23, 1969; married Mary Trotter.]

Mary T Dillard was born May the 13 1848

C H Dillard was born June 1901

[The parents of C. H. Dillard remain unknown to this compiler.]

Deaths

Little Barnet G. Dillard Died August the 28 1879

C H Dillard died Jan 23 1902

[Balis T. Dillard and his wife Mary are buried in Mt. Zion Cemetery in the center of the town of Central, SC. Adjoining their graves are those of her parents, whose names are confirmed by Mary's death certificate: Pickens Co. (1927) #2554.

Balis T Dillard	Mary T Gaines Dillard	Rev. B. S. Gaines	Mrs. M.C. Gaines wife of
b. Sep 4, 1838	b. May 13, 1848	b. Dec. 20, 1820	Rev. B. S. Gaines
d. Nov. 2, 1927	d. Jan. 24, 1927	d. Dec. 31, 1884	only daughter of
			Maj. J. T. Whitfield
			born in Anderson
			Oct. 20, 1826
			d. Dec. 23, 1881

Rev Gaines' first name was Barnet, and his wife's was Margaret.

Conclusions

Harris(on) P., Balus T., and Thomas A. were sons of Tobias Gibson Dillard and his wife Sarah Stephens. (The proof that Sarah was a Stephens is found in Pickens District Deed Book A1, p.80 (1828), in which Gibson Dillard, as a legal representative of Samuel Stephens, deceased, conveys his distributive share of the latter's real estate to John Clayton. See this *Quarterly*, Vol. XIII, No. 1, February 1999, p.30. Sarah's death notice appears on page 11 of this issue.) Very likely in this family there were other children, of whom I have no account. The Sarah A. Dillard, whose dates of birth and death were recorded in the first Bible record above, may have been a sibling, although she is not listed in the 1860 household of Tobias G. Dillard, when she would have been 15 or 16 years old. Balus T. was still at home with his parents in the 1860 Census of Pickens District (Eastern Division), and Harrison was listed next door. In the same file that contained the two Bible records above there appeared a clipping from a Montgomery, Alabama newspaper of the obituary for Thomas A. Dillard in 1915. J.P. Dillard (oldest of Balus T.) of Seneca was identified as a nephew of the deceased. See page 6 below for this obituary.

I would like here to plant the suggestion for a pair of brothers for Tobias Gibson Dillard. Consider the following entries from the 1860 census of Pickens District, Eastern Division, wherein the enumerator (Bless him!) included the county of birth for South Carolina natives:

#1233 Tobias G. Dillard 60 Union, SC;	#404 Thomas Dillard 47 Union, SC;	#1170 Harrison Dillard 40 Edgefield, SC
Sarah 61 Pickens	Jane 40 Pickens, SC	Margaret 39 Pickens, SC
		Thersia Murphy 80 North Car.

I will omit the names of the children. The Pickens County, SC death certificate (1915) #5227 for Carter Dillard, a son Thomas and Jane, shows his mother's maiden name as Janie Stevens. Similarly, a Pickens County death certificate, (1928) #23329, for Margaret Dillard Durham, a daughter of (the older) Harrison and his Margaret, shows her parents to be Harrison Dillard and M. Murphy. The 80 year old Thersia/Therisa Murphy in the household is very probably Margaret's mother.

There was a James Dillard in the 1820 Pendleton District census with two sons in the 10 to 16 year old slot and one son in the under-10 slot. It is possible that this James Dillard was the same James Dillard who was in Union County in 1800. Mrs. Sallie Harris in her will, probated 1810 in Union, names her sons Pleasant Harris and Fleming Harris as her executors, and also leaves a bequeath to her daughter Nancy Taylor Dillard (this *Quarterly*, Vol. XIII, No. 3, August 1999, p. 133.)

The relationships suggested for Tobias Gibson Dillard are NOT conclusively proven by the details set forth above. These shreds of evidence for a connection are offered to anyone interested in pursuing them.

OBITUARY OF THOMAS A. DILLARD, FORMERLY OF PICKENS DISTRICT

Source: The public vertical files of the Faith Clayton Collection at Southern Wesleyan University, Central (Pickens County), South Carolina. This obituary notice was in the Dillard file along with the Bible records given above.

Montgomery (Alabama) Advertiser, Monday, July 12, 1915

T.A. DILLARD

T.A. Dillard, aged 85, well known railroad man, and intimate friend of Capt. Phil McRae, died at his home in Chisholm Sunday afternoon after an illness of four days.

For some time Mr. Dillard had known that the body could not fight the years much longer. Realizing this he sent a request some days ago to Captain McRae, who was buried Sunday, for the latter to direct the Masonic ceremonies at Mr. Dillard's funeral. Mr. Dillard, having been unconscious for more than a day did not know of the death of his friend. He died believing that Capt. McRae would attend his funeral and administer the Masonic rites.

Mr. Dillard was born in Pendleton, S. C. October 5, 1839. He came to Montgomery in 1880, his family joining him here a year later. [The year of birth is misprinted. It should be 1829; see below.]

All of these years of residence in Montgomery were devoted by Mr. Dillard to the conscientious discharge of his duties with the Western of Alabama Railway company. In late years, however, Mr. Dillard was ranked among the few Western employees who were on the retired list in good standing.

The deceased was a member of the Chisholm Methodist church. He is survived by his widow and four children, two sons and two daughters. They are: W. T. Dillard, T. F. Dillard, Mrs. Ed Ellison, all of Montgomery, and Mrs. R. W. King of Atlanta. Mr. King is in Montgomery with his wife to attend the funeral which will be held from the Chisholm Methodist church this afternoon at :30 [sic]. Interment will be in Oakwood.

The above clipping from the Montgomery advertiser of Monday, July 12, was sent by Mr. L. J. Colburn, formerly of Seneca to Mr. J. P. Dillard. Mr. Dillard is nephew of the deceased.

Office of John F. Kelton
Probate Judge Blount County
Oneonta, Alabama
July the 9th 1915
Mr. Will Morton, City

Dear Sir: Since you must return to South Carolina I deem it but

[Editor's Note: The fragment of a notice above suggests that the clipping sent to J. P. Dillard, was not from the Montgomery Advertiser but rather from a newspaper in Oneonta, Blount County, Alabama.

Thomas A. Dillard and family were enumerated in the 1880 census as residents of Auburn, Lee County, Alabama. His age is given as 51, and that of his wife Fannie as 38. Fannie was born in Tennessee, and the five children, Ella 14, Frank 12, Sallie F. 10, John 8, and Allen 4, were all born in Alabama. The 1900 Montgomery County, Alabama census show Thomas A. Dillard born October, 1829, age 70, and shows his wife Mary F. born July, 1842, age 57, in Tennessee. A grandson, Thomas Harper, age 10, born October 1889, is in the household.]

TWO LETTERS TO THE EDITOR ON THE PARTITION OF PENDLETON DISTRICT

(First Letter)

Source: *The Telescope*, Columbia, SC weekly, issue of June 18, 1816, p. 3, col. 3.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TELESCOPE

Pendleton District, June 1816

SIR,—I wish you to correct an error in your paper which is calculated, and I fear intended, to enlist the passions and prejudices of the citizens of the state in favor of dividing this District. It has been stated in the public prints in this state, that by a late Treaty with the Cherokee Indians, we have obtained all the lands within the chartered limits of the state, thereby that we have acquired upwards of 500,000 acres of excellent land. I was born and raised in this District, and though a very poor man, there is not 4 tracts of 1000 acres each, that I would own and be compelled to live on, for either of them; the whole area does not exceed 150,000 acres, and I think far less—most of it barren mountains which never can be cultivated—& the quantity & value of the lands have been so much exaggerated by those who are favorable, from whatever motive, to a division of the district. Our district it is true, is very large, but the lands are very poor, and the population widely dispersed. It now holds an honorable rank, but a division of it, in my opinion, would be of more injury than real benefit to the citizens of the present district—When the Cherokees do relinquish all claim to the lands lying in the chartered limits of this state, there will be a piece added which of itself is nothing worth, but which will subsist many of the poorer sort who live rather by hunting than labor, and then and not until then ought our district be disunited—All I wish is that the truth should appear and that fairly stated. I am under no apprehension of a division of the district; if it should be, it cannot be done very soon.

[Unsigned]

(Second Letter)

Source: *The Pendleton Messenger*, issue of Wednesday September 27, 1826, p. 3, col. 1

FOR THE MESSENGER

Mr. Editor—I have observed in the columns of the "Messenger" a few editorial remarks on the subject of a division of the district—a subject in which the people are much interested. The evils arising from the great size of the district are many, and of considerable magnitude. Even an outline of them cannot now be attempted; but I will, at some future day, make a few more observations on this subject. At present I will only notice a few, amongst the many evils, that result from the great size of this district. The first is, the great distance at which a large portion of the people reside from the Court House; and here a particular reference to facts is not necessary. I need scarcely say, that a great number of the people have to travel sixty miles over mountains and hills to Court:—These, and other circumstances of the same nature, are sufficiently known. These very people are generally of the poorest class, and least able to bear the great expense which they are compelled to encounter in attending Court; while those who roll in luxury and wealth enjoy all the conveniences of being near the Court House, and are able from their situation to attend without incurring one-third of the expense the poor man in his attendance on Court is compelled to incur.

There is also a lamentable evil, from the want of the means of information. It is a sound principle, that in all Republican Governments, the more knowledge, the more peace; and it should be the wish of every honest statesman, to extend the means of information to every individual in the community. Now let me ask, where are the means of information that the people in the upper part of Pendleton district enjoy? In many very large and respectable neighborhoods there are no Post Offices, and the inhabitants have no means of receiving newspapers, or communicating with their friends, but by way of the Court House. Here

they must be subjected to the expense and trouble of travelling 40 or 50 miles every time they want a newspaper; the consequence is, that newspapers are seldom subscribed for. I would go on to point out the inconveniences resulting from this, but they must be obvious to every man of reflection. The upper part of Pendleton district was, within my recollection, a very populous place; but where are the former inhabitants now? They have left the place that subjected them to so much inconvenience, and have sought residence in some land of more equal rights.

I hope some abler pen than mine will take up this subject, and do it justice which I acknowledge that I am not capable of doing. However, I will myself be heard from again on this matter; and I sincerely hope that the people of the district will take the subject into consideration, and with one voice call aloud to their Representatives to give that measure of justice for which they have so long and patiently waited.

JUSTICE

[Editor's Note: Pendleton District was eventually divided, in 1828, into Anderson and Pickens Districts.]

AN EARLY HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE ON THE CHEROKEE INDIANS

Contributed by Dr. James L. Reid, 730 Walnut Hill Road, Campbello, S.C. 29322.

Contributor's Note: The northwestern corner of South Carolina was once within the domain of the Cherokee Indians. Old Pendleton District and Greenville District were created from territory that was part of the Cherokee Nation. The Keowee River mentioned in the article below is the present-day boundary between Pickens County and Oconee County.

Source: *The Highland Sentinel*, issue of Thursday December 27, 1840 (Vol. 1, No. 16)

A BEAUTIFUL EXTRACT.

FROM THE 3d VOLUME OF BANCROFT'S HISTORY OF THE U.S.

"The mountaineers of aboriginal America were the Cherokees, who occupied the upper valley of the Tennessee river as far west as Muscle shoals and the highlands of Carolina, Georgia and Alabama—the most picturesque and most salubrious region east of the Mississippi. Their homes were enriched by blue hills rising beyond hills of which the lofty peaks would kindle with the early light and the overshadowing ridges envelope the valleys like a mass of clouds. There the rocky cliffs rising in naked grandeur defy the lightning and mock the loudest peals of the thunder-storm; there the gentler slopes are covered with magnolias and flowering forest-trees decorated with roving climbers and ring with the perpetual note of the whip-poor-will; there the wholesome water gushes profusely from the earth in transparent springs; snow-white cascades glitter on the hill-sides; and the rivers, shallow but pleasant to the eye, rush through the narrow vales which the abundant strawberry crimsons, coppies of rhododendran and flaming azelea adorn. At the fall of the leaf the fruit of the hickory and chesnut is thickly scattered on the ground. The fertile soil teems with luxuriant herbage on which the roebuck fatens, the varying breeze is laden with fragrance; and daybreak is ever welcomed by the shrill cries of the social nighthawk and the liquid carols of the mocking bird. Through this lovely region were scattered the little villages of the Cherokees, nearly fifty in number each consisting of but a few cabins erected where the bend of the mountain stream offered at once a defence and a strip of alluvial soil for culture. Their towns were always by the side of some creek or river, and they loved their native land; above all they loved its rivers—the Keowee the Tugelo the Flint and the beautiful branches of the Tennessee. Running waters inviting to the bath tempting the angler alluring wild fowl were necessary to their paradise. Their language like that of the Iroquois abounds in vowels and is destitute in labials. Its organization has a common character, but etymology has not yet been able to discover conclusive analogies between the roots of words. The "beloved" people of the Cherokee

were a nation by themselves.—Who can say for how many centuries, safe in their undiscovered fastness, they had decked their war-chiefs with the feathers of the eagle's tail and listened to the counsels of their "old beloved men"? Who can tell how often the waves of migrations may have broken harmlessly against their cliffs where Nature was the strong ally of the defenders of their land?"

A CONGRESSIONAL PROCLAMATION IN 1788 CONCERNING THE CHEROKEE INDIANS

Source: *The Columbian Herald*, (date obliterated), next issue after Thursday August 28, 1788.

By the United States in Congress Assembled,

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the United States in Congress assembled, by their commissioners duly appointed and authorised, did on the 28th day of November, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, at Hopewell, on the Keowee, conclude articles of a treaty with all the Cherokees, and among other things stipulated and engaged by article fourth, "That the boundary allotted to the Cherokees for their hunting grounds, between the said Indians and the citizens of the United States, within the limits of the United States of America, is and shall be the following, viz. "Beginning at the mouth of Duck river on the Tennessee; thence running northward along the ridge dividing the waters running into the Cumberland from those running into the Tennessee; thence easterly along the said ridge to a north-east line to be run, which shall strike the river Cumberland forty miles from Nashville; thence along the said line to the river; thence to the ford where the Kentucky road crosses the river; thence to Campbell's line near to Cumberland Gap; thence to the mouth of Claud's creek to Holstein; thence to the Chimney Top Mountain; thence to Camp creek, near the mouth of Big Lime Stone on Nolichucky; thence a southerly course six miles to a mountain; thence south to the North Carolina line; thence to the South Carolina Indian boundary, and along the same south-west over the top of the Oconee Mountain, till it shall strike Tugalo river; then a direct line to the top of the Cherokee mountain; and thence to the head of the south fork of the Oconee river." And by article fifth that "If any citizen of the United States, or any other person not being an Indian, should attempt to settle on any of the land westward or southward of the said boundary, which were allotted to the Indians for their hunting grounds, or having settled previous to concluding said treaty, and not removing from the same within six months after the ratification of the said treaty, such person shall forfeit the protection of the United States, and that the Indians might punish him or not as they please; provided, that the said fifth article should not extend to people settled between the fork of French Broad and Holstein rivers, whose particular situation should be transmitted to the United States in Congress assembled for their decision thereon, which the Indians agreed to abide by."

And whereas it has been represented to Congress, that several disorderly persons settled on the frontiers of North Carolina in the vicinity of of Chota, have, in open violation of the said treaty, made intrusions upon said Indian hunting grounds, and committed many unprovoked outrages upon the said Cherokees, who by the said treaty have put themselves under the protection of the United States, which proceedings are highly injurious and disrespectful to the authority of the Union, and it being the firm determination of Congress to protect the said Cherokees in their rights, according to the said treaty; the United States in Congress assembled, have therefore thought it fit to issue this their proclamation, strictly forbidding all such unwarrantable intrusions, and hostile proceedings against the said Cherokees; and enjoining all those who have settled upon the said hunting grounds of the said Cherokees, to depart with their families [The original text reverts to the top of the next column, where at least three lines are lost. The readable text resumes after a fragment of a line.] ...their peril, provided, ... shall not be construed as requiring the

removal of the people settled between the fork of French Broad and Holstein rivers, referred to in the said treaty. Provided also, nothing contained in this proclamation shall be considered as affecting the territorial claims of the state of North-Carolina.

Done in Congress, this first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty eight, and of our sovereignty and independence the thirteenth. CYRUS GRIFFIN, President.
Charles Thomson, Secretary.

FINAL SALE OF CHEROKEE INDIAN LAND IN SOUTH CAROLINA

Source: *Charleston Courier*, issue of Tuesday April 30, 1816, p. 2, col. 2.

Indian Lands.—At the last session of the legislature, a resolution was passed authorizing his Excellency Governor Williams to purchase from the Cherokee Indians all their lands within the chartered limits of the state. Our readers will recollect that a treaty, between the Cherokees and the United States, wherein the former relinquished all claims to their lands in this state, was made in Washington in March last. The treaty was left subject to the ratification of the governor of this state and the Cherokees. We are happy to understand that his excellency has accordingly purchased for the sum of 5000 dollars from 4 to 500,000 acres of land, some of it very excellent. The Cherokee Indians now own no land in this state—*City Gazette*.

The President of the United States, has issued a Proclamation, notifying that the claim of the Cherokee Nation of Indians, to a certain tract of country in the state of North Carolina has been extinguished by mutual consent; and that, in consequence thereof, the said nation is to receive the sum of five thousand dollars, within 90 days after the ratification of such agreement by the President and Senate. And another Proclamation defining the Northern boundary of that part of the Creek lands laying west of the Coosa river, and which were ceded to the United States by the treaty held at Fort Jackson.

HOW JACKSON GOT HIS TITLE "OLD HICKORY"

Source: *The Carolina Spartan*, issue of Wednesday April 29, 1885, p.2, col. 2.

Ben Perley Poore, in his reminiscences, says: General Jackson was known among the soldiers who served under him as "Old Hickory," a sobriquet given him during the Creek war. His brigade was making a forced march, without baggage or tents, to surprise the Indians in one of their villages, and were for several days and nights exposed to the peltings of a March storm, the rain freezing as it fell. General Jackson got a severe cold, but did not complain, as he tried to sleep in a muddy bottom among his half frozen soldiers. Captain Allen and his brother John cut down a stout hickory tree, peeled off the bark and made a covering for the General, who was with difficulty persuaded to crawl into it. The next morning a drunken citizen entered the camp, and seeing the tent kicked it over. As Jackson crawled from the ruins the toper cried "Hello, Old Hickory: come out of your bark and jine us in a drink!" Thenceforth the General was known in camp as "Old Hickory," and when he was talked of as a presidential candidate, the nick name was adopted by his supporters. The "liberty tree," of the revolution was revived in the "hickory tree," planted at every cross-roads and village by the enthusiastic Democrats, while they sang:

Freeman, cheer the hickory tree,
Long its boughs have sheltered thee.

OLD HICKORY WAS SHARP

Source: *The Telescope*, Columbia, SC weekly, issue of June 18, 1816, page 3.

During the night of the 7th Jan. 1814, Gen. Jackson, ever on the watch against enemies within as well as enemies without, took measures to ascertain if all that should be under his command were then at their posts. One man, a Spaniard, was found missing. As the general felt certain that the Spaniard could not have got off towards New-Orleans, he concluded he had gone to the enemy, probably according to contract, to give them information of his preparations to receive them, and accordingly—made some considerable alteration in his plan. The British came on, and were dealt with as every one knows. Three days after they had retired, the wretched Spaniard was found hanging on a tree!—The enemy supposed he had deceived them, and they executed him for telling them the truth and serving them faithfully. Verily, he got his reward.

DEATH OF MRS. MARGARET GRIFFIN OF PENDLETON DISTRICT

Source: *The Charleston Courier*, issue of Monday January 15, 1816, p. 2, col. 3 (as copied from *The Pendleton Messenger*, issue of December 30, 1815).

DIED, on Saturday morning the 9th inst. [i.e., December 9, 1815] Mrs. MARGARET GRIFFIN, wife of JAMES C. GRIFFIN, Esq of this district, in the 43d year of her age. Pious and exemplary through life, and resigned in death—She has left a bereaved husband, ten children and numerous friends, relatives and acquaintances to mourn their loss.

An extraordinary circumstance in the death of this worthy Lady, is a presentiment which she had sixteen years entertained of the time of her dissolution! This presentiment was fulfilled according to her own prediction!!

Early in the fall of 1799, Mrs. Griffin was attacked by a fever, and for eight or nine weeks was dangerously ill, towards the end of this illness, and when she was thought to be in a state of delirium, she told her husband, that she would not die then, for she had seen her savior interceding for her, and that her days were lengthened sixteen years! When recovered, and ever after till her death, she persisted, (against the reasoning of her husband and friends) in the statement, assuring them, that her days were numbered, and pointing out the period which would separate them forever! The writer of this article had this statement from the mouth of the afflicted husband some time previous to the death of Mrs. G. and with him, believed it to be the melancholy workings of the imagination. When Esq Griffin lately left home for the seat of the state government, to perform his duty as a member of the Legislature, Mrs. G. assured him that she would never see him again, but would not suffer him to remain at home on that account, saying that she was ready and willing to submit to the will of God. Her prophetic words were fulfilled! She died suddenly, resignedly, and in the full assurance of a happy eternity.

Pendleton(S.C.) Messenger, 30th ult.

DEATH NOTICE OF MRS. SALLIE DILLARD

Source: *The Pickens Sentinel*, issue of April 7, 1892, p. 3, col. 1.

Mrs. Sallie Dillard, of Oconee, died last Friday [April 1, 1892] at the age of 96. She was a sister of the late Green Stephens, of this county. She had for many years been a member of the methodist church, and was loved and respected by all who knew her.

THE REMOVAL OF THE BODY OF COL. BENJAMIN FRAZIER TO EDGEFIELD

Source: *The Edgefield Advertiser*, issue of Wednesday April 29, 1857, p. 3, col 5.

The mortal remains of Col. BENJAMIN FRAZIER who died in Claiborne Parish, Louisiana, on the 22d of January 1844, were deposited in the family burying-ground near Edgefield C. H., on Saturday the 25th April 1857, by his son Col. MARSHAL FRAZIER. The writer of the present notice avails himself of the occasion thus furnished, to give a brief view of his character. Col. F. was born in Edgefield District, and resided in it until a few years before his death. No man of his day was more generally known in this community, and the intelligence of his death created a profound sorrow in the bosoms of many. Most true was it of him that he was most esteemed by those who knew him best. Never was there a man who in his external character, did himself more injustice. He was a hypocrite without the sin of hypocrisy. While some men appear better than they are, and pretend to virtues which they do not possess, he on the contrary was better than he seemed, and cherished virtue which the world gave him no credit. Beneath a ruggedness and austerity of manner which to many was forbidding, lay the most shining of his excellencies of our nature. His cotemporaries in the Village of Edgefield where he long resided, Simkins, Jeter, Brooks, Addison, Mims and others, all now departed, had the highest respect for him. He was one of a generation of men who have left their impress upon the community, and whose memories will be cherished. He had a nature without disguise; was honest, ingenious, true, liberal and generous. The needy were never turned away from his door with their wants unsatisfied; the deserving and aspiring youth always found in him a friend; the District received his cordial and patriotic support; and the cause of virtue and religion was sustained with zeal and liberality. The present occasion forces upon the writer of this feeble tribute a retrospect full of sadness and melancholy. He complained not of the living, but he may be permitted to mourn for the dead. The fathers of the village are gone forever. The friends and councillors of his youth are departed. The olden time has fled; new men and new scenes have come in succession, and there is scarce a link left to connect him with the past. Time may do, as it will, its work; but he will cherish the fond remembrance of the virtuous dead, and drop the tear of affection upon their hallowed graves.

L.

OBITUARY OF JOHN JONES BROWN OF SPARTANBURG DISTRICT

Source: *The Carolina Spartan*, December 1, 1886, p. 3.

Major John Jones Brown was born near Pacolet Depot in this county [Spartanburg] October 2, 1833, was married to Miss Lizzie A. Bates, daughter of Gen. Bates November 15th 1864 and died at Gaffney City, Thursday night November 25th, 1886.

Major Brown was reared and educated on Spartanburg soil, never having gone to any college but received a home training and practical education which so admirably adapted him to the position which he was destined to occupy. He pursued the even tenor of his way having been elected Major of the State Militia, which title he has ever since retained. He then came home and volunteered in Foster's Company and was elected second sergeant in 9th S.C. Regiment. He was soon promoted to third Lieutenant and served in that capacity till the Company was disbanded. He then joined the Palmetto Sharpshooters under Jenkins, and was elected first lieutenant which position he held till the battle of Frazer's Farm. Having deported himself so bravely in that battle he was promoted to a captaincy, but was compelled to resign on account of wounds received in the battle, and which proved of such serious nature as to necessitate him to retire from the service. In the stormy days of frontier strife in Kansas, Major Brown went with a Company from Union county, and stayed on the frontier till all the excitement incident to Kansas entering

the Union was over. After the war he began to farm and merchandise at Webster's old store in Spartanburg county, from whence he moved to Brown's store, Asbury, in Union county, and from there he moved to Gaffney City, where he continued until his death. He joined the Baptist Church about eight years ago, and has always led a consistent and christian like life. He leaves a widow and nine interesting children to bemoan his death. The whole country tenders them the deepest feelings of sympathy and regret. Major Brown was a man who made friends wherever he went, a man whose integrity and veracity no one ever doubted. His whole career was one which might well be pointed out as an example for others to go by. His name has always been a synonymus for all that is noble, true and good.

After several months of suffering the spark of life flamed out of existence, as gently as the fading away of the stars in the morning, and the spirit winged its way realms on high. CLIPPER

SOME YORK DISTRICT MARRIAGES AND DEATHS IN 1823

Source: *The Pioneer and Yorkville Weekly Advertiser*.

Issue of Saturday August 23, 1823, p. 3, col 2

Married

On the evening of the 21st ult., by the Rev. Daniel Burton, Mr. JOHN MCKOY to SARAH QUINN, all of this village.

On the evening of the 21st ult., by the Rev. P.E. Bishop, Mr. WILLIAM J. BOWEN to Miss JANE, daughter of Nathan Kimbril, all of Ebenezer.

On Thursday last by the Rev. James S. Adams, Mr. NELSON G. THOMASSON, to Miss EMILY, daughter of William Youngblood, all of this district.

Died

—In this district on the 31st ult., Mr. JOSEPH BURNS, aged about 38 years.

Issue of Saturday September 20, 1823, p. 3, col. 2

Died

Yesterday morning, at his residence in this District, Dr. ROBERT L. ARMSTRONG, aged about 30 years.

Issue of Saturday September 27, 1823, p. 3, col. 3

Married

On Thursday last, by the Rev. R. B. Walker, Mr. ANDREW HANNA to Miss MARTHA BYERS, all of this District.

BEAN-GREENFIELD WEDDING IN NEWBERRY DISTRICT

Source: *The Newberry Rising Sun*, issue of Wednesday March 10, 1858, p. 4, col. 2.

HYMENIAL—Married on the 10th instant, Mr. WILLIAM BEAN to Miss SARAH E. GREENFIELD.

If fate shall to their wishes yield,

And fate to true love leans,

Time may bestow upon this Greenfield

A lovely crop of Beans.

DEATH NOTICE IN 1823 OF HENRY FARNANDIS OF UNION DISTRICT

Source: *The Yorkville Pioneer and Weekly Advertiser*, issue of November 1, 1823, p.3, col. 3.

OBITUARY

Died at his residence in Union District, on the 15th ult. [i.e., September 15, 1823] of a lingering disease, Henry Farnandis, in the 54th year of his age: He was a native of Charles County, State of Maryland.

FIVE ABBEVILLE DISTRICT MARRIAGES IN 1843

Source: *The Highland Sentinel / Anderson Gazette*.

Issue of Friday January 6, 1843, p. 3, col. 1

[On Thursday the 22d of December], by the Rev. A. Williams, Mr. SAMUEL M. PYLES to Miss NANCY A., daughter of Ezekiel Rasor, all of Abbeville District.

Issue of Friday March 17, 1843, p. 3, col. 3

On the 9th inst., by the Rev. Wm Magee, Mr. PERRY G. WARE to Miss ADALINE P. GAINS, all of Abbeville District. The Printer's fee was received.

Issue of Friday July 14, 1843, p. 3, col. 3

On the 6th inst. by the Rev. A. Rice, Mr. Wm TUCKER of Anderson District to Miss SARAH BOYD, of Abbeville District—the 4th wife for Mr. Tucker.

Issue of Saturday December 9, 1843, p. 3, col. 2

Married on Thursday evening 7th inst. by Rev. W. Magee, Mr. THEODORE BAKER to Miss AMANDALINE DAVIS, all of Abbeville District.

Issue of Saturday December 16, 1843, p. 3, col. 1

On Thursday evening the 14th inst. by the Rev. T. Crawford, Mr. LEWIS C. CLINKSCALES to Miss ELIZA PRATT, all of Abbeville Dist.

DEATH NOTICE OF JOSEPH BLACK, REV. WAR VET., OF ABBEVILLE

Source: *The Anderson Gazette*, issue of Saturday December 2, 1843, p. 3, col. 3.

Died of Apoplexy in Columbia on the 7th ult. [November 7, 1843] JOSEPH BLACK, Esq a soldier of the Revolution, and for upwards of thirty years, a Representative in the state Legislature, from Abbeville District.

OBITUARY IN 1816 OF JAMES NEWTON, 93, OF FAIRFIELD DISTRICT

Source: *The Charleston Courier*, issue of Monday August, 26, 1816, p. 2, col. 3.

Departed this life on the 23d ultimo [i.e., July 23, 1816], at his residence in Fairfield district, Mr. JAMES NEWTON, in the 93d year of his age. He was a native of Virginia, and one of the earliest settlers on the

Congaree. Two circumstances may be remarked in relation to this admirable citizen; when he removed to this country, the highest settlement on Broad river was in the vicinity of Faust's Ford, now about the center of the state--and he is stated to have killed the last Elk below the waters of Pacolet, in a now populous settlement of Fairfield.

GRAVE OF ROBERT MAXWELL, REV. WAR HERO, OF GREENVILLE COUNTY

Source: *The People's Journal* (Pickens, SC), issue Thursday, October 1, 1896, p. 4, col. 3, as copied from the *Piedmont Sun*. (The town of Piedmont is on the Saluda River, just inside Anderson County.)

[Editor's Note: The narrator of the following article is not disclosed.]

PIEDMONT'S EARLY DAYS

The Grave of a Revolutionary Hero and Patriot Who Was Killed on Saluda River

About a mile and a half from Piedmont just beyond Rehobeth church on the Pelzer road and on a knoll back in an oak grove, stands an ordinary plank house that was built by General Robert Maxwell either just before or just after the Revolutionary war. This was the home of General Maxwell during the trying times between the Whigs and the Tories in the days of our revolution, so tradition tells us.

General Maxwell represented the upper portion of South Carolina in the first continental Congress, and this caused the British government to set a price on his head, along with such men as Washington, Marion, Sumter, and others. He was a man of brain with broad views, penetrating mind, and forever wedded to his country and a protector of her liberties. Though a great and good man whose memory we all love to cherish and respect he was not permitted to live out his allotted number of days, but was cut down in an evil hour by an assassin's hand. His death happened in this way. One day in the year 1797 he had some business to attend to at old Pendleton and he started on his journey following an old Indian trail that passed through where Piedmont now stands and crossed the river on the shoal where the dam is built. When he reached the river on his way a man disguised as an Indian shot him, and he died from the wound. He was a large land owner, and was buried by sorrowing relatives and friends in an oak grove on his own premises, that now belong to Mr. Lenhart.

I visited his tomb in May and found it in a splendid state of preservation. Over the grave was a foundation of stone, securely laid in mortar, then four gray granite slabs, apparently three or four inches thick and three feet wide were set up edge ways on this foundation and cemented together: then a very large slab three inches thick and three and a half feet wide and seven feet long was placed on top to protect the sides and ground work, which it has done so admirably well that it looks today as solid as when put there nearly a century ago. The slab on top bears the following inscription:

In Memory Of
ROBERT MAXWELL,
Who Died in 1797,
He was a Whig, a Soldier and
a Christian

To my mind no grander tribute could be made to the memory of any son of America than has been paid to him in these few words. Surely nothing more could be said to exalt him in the minds of all true Americans or perpetuate his memory to coming generations. And passing from the story of his life and tragic death, we look up to Him who doth all things well and meekly say, "Thy will be done."

[Editor's Note: For a more complete account of the death of Robert Maxwell and for a short biography, the reader is encouraged to consult Dr. William W. Wilbank's book *FORGOTTEN HEROS: Police Officers Killed in Greenville County* (Turner Publishing Company, Paducah, Ky, 1997), 9-11.]

UPSTATE DEATH NOTICES IN 1816 FROM THE CHARLESTON COURIER

Contributed by Dr. James L. Reid, 730 Walnut Hill Road, Campobello, SC 29322.

Contributor's note: Charleston's *Courier* was a daily newspaper, with no issue published on Sunday. All the available issues for the year 1816 were searched for items pertaining to the upstate districts. The following are the upstate death notices that I found. Kershaw and Richland Districts, though not strictly in the upstate, are included.

Issue of January 15, 1816, p. 2, col. 3

[Newberry District]

DIED, at his residence in Newberry district on Monday the 1st inst. [i.e., January 1, 1816] Mr. JOHN HENDERSON, a representative in the Legislature of this State, from that district.

Issue of Saturday March 16, 1816, p. 2, col. 3

[Laurens District]

DIED, on the 27th ult. [i.e., February 27, 1816] at his residence in Laurens district, PETER HAMMONS, Esq in the 67th year of his age, a native of North Carolina. *Columbia Gaz.* 12th inst.

Issue of Saturday April 6, 1816, p. 2, col. 3

[Pendleton District]

DIED, in Pendleton District on Friday the 15th ult., Mr. ALEXANDER MOORE; his death was occasioned by a fall from a horse. And on Wednesday 20th ult., his brother, Mr. NEWMAN MOORE, after a short illness, both natives of Ireland; but for several years residents in this district.

Issue of Wednesday June 5, 1816, p. 2, col. 3

[Kershaw District]

DIED, at Camden, on the 23d ult. JOHN ADAMSON, Esq a much respected, and very old inhabitant of that place.

Issue of Monday June 24, 1816, p. 2, col. 2

[Edgefield District]

DIED, in Columbia, S. C. on Thursday night, the 13th inst. after a few days illness, Dr. ASA HOLLOWAY, of Edgefield district.

ibid.

[Richland District]

DIED, at his residence in Richland district, on Thursday night, the 13th Inst. after a few days illness, Mr. REUBEN HOUSE.

Issue of Monday July 1, 1816, p. 2 col. 3

[Union District]

DIED, at his residence in Union District, on Monday the 17th ult. JOHN HAILE, Esq in the 70th year of his age.

Issue of Monday December 30, 1816, p. 2, col. 2

[Newberry District]

DIED, at the residence of C. B. ATWOOD, in Newberry District, on Wednesday, the 11th inst. a gentleman by the name of JOHN B. ROBINSON, aged about 30 years, who was taken sick on the road, whilst travelling from St. Louis, his place of residence in the Missouri territory, to Charleston, in this state. Mr. R. informed on his death bed that he was a native of Amelia county, (Va.) His friends are desired for further information to make application to C. B. Attwood, Bethel, Newberry district.

Columbia Tel.

O.M. ABBOTT, SON OF REV. WAR SOLDIER, LIVES IN OCONEE COUNTY (1939)

Contributed by Dr. James L. Reid, 730 Walnut Hill Road, Campobello, SC 29322.

Source: *The Tugalo Tribune* (Westminster, SC), issue of Thursday, September 21, 1939, p. 2, col. 4

Believed to be the last surviving son of a revolutionary soldier, O.M. Abbott, 83, of the Oak Grove section of Oconee County has been a lifelong resident of Oconee and has served his county well as an educator, having helped to establish Long Creek academy. His father, the late John Rowland Abbott, fought in the Battle of Kings Mountain, at Cowpens and other historic battles of the Revolutionary war. Below he is shown beside the monument which has been given to him by the D. A. R. chapter to be erected at his father's grave in Bear Swamp cemetery. Photo by Youngblood and picture through courtesy [of the] Anderson Independent.



Five Years Old When His Father Died--Played Big Part in Founding Long Creek Academy

Walhalla--Believed to be the last surviving son of a Revolutionary soldier, O.M. Abbott of the Oak Grove community of Oconee county also has the distinction of being one of Oconee's pioneer educators.

Born in 1856, he has been a lifelong citizen of the County. [Contributor's Note: The 1860 census of Pickens County, Western Division, household 1122, shows Sarah Abbott, 53, Wilburn Abbott, 12, and Oliver Abbott, 9. The latter is Oliver Miller Abbott, the subject of this sketch, who was born in 1851.]

His father, the late John Rowland Abbott, joined General Jerry Cole's cavalry and was stationed at Cowpens during the Revolutionary war. He fought in the victorious battle at Kings Mountain under General Andrew Pickens.

Mr. Abbott said he could not recall his father very well as he was only five years old at the time of his father's death, but among his memories are the times his father took him horseback riding.

For a number of years, he had a number of cherished possessions of his father but they were lost in a fire which destroyed his home years ago.

The veteran Oconee citizen takes pride, however, in a monument which was recently presented him to be erected at his father's grave in Bear Swamp cemetery. The monument at the present is still crated and lies in front of Abbott's home.

After finishing early school, Mr. Abbott said he attended Adger college at Walhalla and at the age of 15 was given a second grade licence to teach. His first school was located near the present site of Long Creek academy.

In order to complete his education, Abbott would attend college a year, and then teach a year, and back to college. He graduated from Davis College, Shelby, N. C. In his years of teaching he taught some of Oconee's best known business men, and he recalls that in the years of those early days of teaching he was paid five cents per day.

Once he was a candidate for the superintendent of education, losing to his opponent by a margin of three votes.

He was a member of the Baptist convention which met at Tugalo to discuss the building of a Baptist school and he was named to a committee to purchase the site and plan for construction of the school and election of a faculty. Thus Long Creek academy was built and today is serving a useful purpose in the Baptist denomination.

Friends assert that Abbott was a leader in founding the school, canvassing the county for contributions and himself donating generously to the fund.

In the last few years he has made over 500 lectures, speaking on education and church activities.

OLIVER M. ABBOTT, SON OF REV. WAR SOLDIER, SEEKS PENSION IN 1943

Contributed by Dr. James L. Reid, 730 Walnut Hill Road, Campobello, SC 29322.

Source: *The Keweenaw Courier*, issue of Thursday, November 11, 1943, p. 1 col. 3.

REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIER'S SON PENSION IS UP

Oconee Man is Believed Only Living Son of Continental Vet

A 92 year old Oconee man, who claims he is the son of a veteran of the American Revolutionary war, is seeking a \$100 a month pension from the government.

Oliver M. Abbott, of Westminster, the claimant, says he was born when his father, John Abbott, was 88 years old. It is believed that Mr. Abbott is the only living person who is the son of a Revolutionary soldier.

The House of Representatives invalid pensions committee has referred the claim to the veterans administration for a special investigation of all available records.

Congressman Butler B. Hare, author of the bill (HR 2452), said he believed the claim was authentic, stating that the only discrepancies in historical records from the war department and the census bureau, were whether John Abbott, the soldier, was eight or 14 years old when he enlisted in the Army.

John Abbott was a member of the 2nd South Carolina Regiment of the Continental Army, serving under Lieut. Col. Francis Marion. The War department has officially recognized the father's war record and in 1939 sent Oliver M. Abbott a monument for his father's grave.

Congressman Hare's effort is believed to be an unprecedented pension application presented to congress.

[Contributor's Note: A shorter, less detailed account of the application appeared in the *Spartanburg Herald*, issue of Wednesday, November 3, 1943.

The 1850 census of Pickens District, household 882, shows John Abbott, 82, Sarah Abbott, 41, Doctor W., 4. The latter is Wilburn Abbott in the 1860 census of Pickens District.]

OBITUARY OF OLIVER MILLER ABBOTT OF OCONEE COUNTY

Source: *The Tugaloo Tribune* (Westminster, SC), issue of Thursday, January 6, 1943, p. 1, col. 6.

Oliver Miller Abbott, Aged Oconee Citizen, Is Laid To Rest

Mr. Oliver Miller Abbott, the aged Oconee citizen so well known by nearly everybody in the county and to many in adjoining Georgia counties, is no more. He closed his eyes in death at the home of Mrs. Homer Davis, in the suburbs, near the old knitting mill on Sunday morning, Jan. 2. He had boarded and been cared for in the Davis home several years. His health and strength had been failing for some time. Born sometime in the 1850's he possessed a wonderful memory and could relate many events during and after the Civil war. His father was John Abbott, native of Spartanburg and of Revolutionary fame. His mother was Sallie Doyle Abbott, sister of the late Dr. Oliver M. Doyle, railroad surgeon, who lived in Toccoa, Ga., and in Seneca, this county at different times and was a large property owner in this state and Georgia.

John Abbott is said to have been one of the first of the Abbott families to locate in this part of the state. Several of his kinsmen came later. O. M. was born in the Coneross section. When he was a young man he attended Adger College, for many years a Walhalla institution of learning, which was destroyed by fire in 1888.

He began teaching in the one-teacher public school of this county more than sixty years ago and taught in several localities in Georgia before he gave up teaching.

He is largely and prominently connected in the county. At one time he had one brother, a half-brother and some five or six half-sisters, all of whom settled in this county and reared large families.

Prior to his passing, Mr. Abbott claimed to have been the only surviving son of a soldier of the Revolution.

He was one of the first correspondents to this newspaper. While living in Georgia, he contributed items from Tallulah Lodge and the Tugaloo Valley. Later when he returned to South Carolina he sent in items from the community in which he lived. He never had anything disrespectful to say about anybody.

In recording the deaths of pioneer citizens there is always a feeling of sadness when the thoughts turn to the high noons of their pilgrimages and opportunities. It recalls memories of the past, moments we would like to live over in the times when cares, worries and responsibilities were unknown to youths and everybody in the community was well and happy with no mention of war in the daily conversation. There are yet a few in Oconee older than Mr. Abbott, one being Mr. Gillespie, father of Mr. Jake Gillespie, who lives between Richland and Seneca.

Funeral services for Mr. Abbott were held in the Coneross Baptist church yesterday at 11:00 o'clock; Rev. Haskell Abbott, Springfield, Mo., nephew of the deceased, conducted the services, assisted by Dr. E. V. Babb of Seneca. The interment was in Coneross cemetery, Abbot Bros. of Seneca, also nephews, of the deceased, undertakers in charge. The Pallbearers were composed of nephews of the deceased.

Peace to the memory of Oliver Miller Abbott.

OBITUARY OF MRS. SARAH DOYLE ABBOTT

Source: *The Keowee Courier*, issue of Thursday, April 17, 1879, p. 2, col. 6.

Died in Toccoa City, Ga., January 26th, 1879, in her seventy-second year, Mrs. SARAH ABBOTT. The deceased had suffered intensely at intervals for a long time with that fearful disease rheumatism. At her death, her's was a life full of good works as well as years. In her the church has lost one of its oldest

and brightest lights, having been for many years a consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. The subject of this notice was widely known and loved for her kind heart and Christian piety. Through a long and checkered life she exhibited to the last those high virtues and amiable qualities that lessen so much the burdens of life and the terrors of death. She leaves two children, whose greatest consolation in their loss will be to know that theirs was a mother who lived the life of a true and excellent woman, and who died the death of a meek and faithful Christian. While we mourn her loss, let us strive like her to put our whole trust in Him who "doeth all things well" and in the end we, too, can look back upon a well spent life; and looking beyond the grave, realise that "we have a building of God, a house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens."

D.

FAMILY GROUPS AND FAMILY CONNECTIONS FROM COUNTY COURT RECORDS

Contributed by Dr. James L. Reid, 730 Walnut Hill Road, Campobello SC 29322.

Contributor's note: The intent and purpose of this contribution is to expose family groups and family connections from the various types of court records from the upstate counties of South Carolina. The county and the type of record will be carefully identified. The wording, sentence structure (or lack thereof), and punctuation (or lack thereof) of original documents will be followed as closely as possible. Information within a document that is not essential nor relevant to the genealogical content will be elided, as indicated by successive dots, i.e., Statements or individual words not in the original document will be enclosed by square brackets []. Names, places and dates are sometimes set in boldface type by the contributor for purposes of highlighting and emphasis.

Note: Oconee County was formed in 1868 from the western half of Pickens County. Court records of old Pickens District were separated into two parts. Deeds and other court records that pertained to the region of old Pickens District that was west of the Keowee River before 1868 were given to the new county of Oconee. Thus, early Oconee records will have come from the older Pickens District. Such records, however, are kept at the Oconee County court house in Walhalla.

OCONEE COUNTY

Oconee County Deed Book 3, page 421

John Abbott to Sarah Abbott, Wilburn Abbott, Oliver Abbott} 1 Tract near Coneross Church
Pickens District} KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that I John Abbott Sen. of the state and district
aforesaid for and in consideration of the natural love and affection which I have to Sarah Abbott my
wife and Wilburn Abbott and Oliver Abbott which is my two sons &c have given and granted and by
these presents do give unto said Sarah Abbott my wife and Wilburn Abbott and Oliver Abbott my two sons
... the plantation and tract of land that I now live on and one negro girl named **Hester** and her increase and
one mare named Tally Pacy and two colts named Nancy Wake and the other one Sealme and all my stock
of hogs, and two cows & clafs and one yearling and all my household and kitchen furniture to have and to
hold ... this above named property is to be Sarah Abbott [during] her lifetime or her widowhood and after
that time is to go to my two sons namely Wilburn and Oliver Abbott for their part of my estate and they
are not to have any more of my estate the ballens is to be sold and divided with my first wife children
... I warrent forever this property ... against the clame of any of my firsts children or any other person ... I
have hereunto set my hand and seal this the **twenty fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred**
& fifty six

this signed in the presents of us

G. W. Phillips Lucinda Jenkins

John x Abbott Sen. {L. S.}
mark

South Carolina, Pickens District} Personally appeared G. W. Phillips before me and made oath in due form of law that he did see John Abbett deceased by his mark sign seal and herd him acknowledge the within and foregoing deed of Gift and that Lucinda Jenkins was with himself a subscribing witness to the due execution of the same. Sworn to and subscribed this **19th day of November 1856.** Before—
E. Hughes M. P. D. G. W. Phillips

Recorded the 24th day of November 1856 & examined by **J. E. Hagood** C.C.P. & R.M.C.

OCONEE COUNTY

Oconee County Deed Book F, page 333

Wilburn Abbett to Louisa Abbett} conveyance to 36 acres

The State of South Carolina} Know all men by these presents that I Wilburn Abbett of the county of Oconee in the State aforesaid for and in consideration of the natural love and affection that I have for my wife Louisa Abbett ... [for] the sum of three dollars to me in hand paid ... have ... sold ... unto the said Louisa Abbett all that certain ... tract of land being a part of the tract of land whereon I now live ... lying ... on Little Coneross creek waters of Seneca River ... including the old family graveyard and estimated to contain thirty six acres more or less ... witness my hand and seal this **first day of February one thousand eight hundred and seventy nine** ... W. Abbett {Seal}

Signed sealed & delivered in the presence of

W. R. Kilburn O P Dendy

OCONEE COUNTY

Oconee County Deed Book B, page 48

John Abbett & Sarah Abbett to George W. Abbett} conveyance to 145 acres

South Carolina, Pickens District} No all men by the presents that I John Abbett of the state and District aforesaid do Give unto my son George W. Abbette of the District aforesaid [and] have this day granted and by these presents doth give ... unto the said George W. Abbett all that parcel or Tract of land whereon said George W. Abbett now lives ... it being a part of a Tract of Land granted to John Martin by His Excellency William Moultry the 3rd day of April one thousand seven hundred and eighty six and recorded in grant Book K.K.K.K. page 324 this being part of said Tract containing one hundred and forty nine acres of Land more or less ... on Josiah Fosters line ... McGuffins field ... witness my hand and seal this **21st day of Oct 1844**

signed, sealed and delivered in the presents of us

Test: Simpson Abbett

William Dickson

South Carolina, Pickens District} Before me personally came Simpson Abbett and made oath that he saw the within deed signed, sealed and delivered ... that William Dickson was a subscribing witness with himself to the same.

Sworn to & subscribed before me this

15th day of November 1854 John Adair M. P. D.

South Carolina, Pickens District} I John Adair one of the Justices in and for the said state Do certify unto all whom it may concern that Sarah Abbett the wife of the within named John Abbett did this day appear before me and upon being privately and separately examined by me did declare that she does freely voluntarily ... renounce release and forever relinquish unto the said George W. Abbett ... all her right and

claim of Dower ... Given under my hand and seal this **17th day of February Anno Domini 1855**
John Adair M. P. D. Sarah Abbett
Recorded in clks office 16th Sept 1870 & certified by **J. W. Stribling** C.C.P. & R.M.C.

OCONEE COUNTY

Oconee County, SC, Probate Court, Apt 21, File No. 229, Real Estate of **George W. Abbett**
[This file is missing from the probate court records of Oconee County.]

OCONEE COUNTY

Oconee County, SC, Probate Court, Apt 22, File No. 252, Petition for Guardian, **John B. Abbett** and other minors (1857), **Sarah C. Abbett**, Guardian

Ex Parte

Estate of J.B. Abbett & other minors

South Carolina, Pickens District} To **W. J. Parsons** ordinary for said district We the undersigned minors over the age of choice having an interest in the Estate of our Father **Capt. George W. Abbett** late of Pickens District Deceased humbly petition your court to Appoint our mother **Sarah C. Abbett** guardian of our person and Effect for which your petitioners will ever pray &c **December the 9th 1857**

J. B. Abbett W. T. Abbett G M L T Abbett M. M. Abbett N P Abbett

Petition for Guardianship

Ex Parte Estate of Francis J. Abbett & others

South Carolina, Pickens District} To Mr. J. Parsons Esq Ordinary the undersigned humbly petitions your court to appoint her guardian of the person and effects of her three childrens under the age of choice viz Francis L. Abbett, Ebenezer Abbett & William Thomas Abbett for which your petitioner will ever pray &c

December the 9th 1857

[signed] Sarah C Abbett

Guardian Bond

State of south Carolina, Pickens District} In the Court of Ordinary
KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we Sarah C. Abbett, Geo. W. Phillips & **Alexander Bryer** of Pickens District, in the state aforesaid are jointly and severally held and firmly bound unto W. J. Parsons Esquire, Ordinary of The District aforesaid, ... in the full and just sum of one hundred and seventy Five dollars 48/100 ... sealed with our seals and dated this fourth day of January in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty eight.

WHEREAS, the Court of Ordinary, for District and State aforesaid, in pursuance of the Petition presented to it, on the 6th day of Decr 1857 did nominate and appoint the above bound Sarah C. Abbett Guardian of the Estate and Effects of **John B. Abbett, Waddy T. Abbett, Geo. W. L. F. Abbett, Mary M. Abbott, Nancy J. Abbott, Frances L. Abbott, Ebenezer V. Abbott & William T. Abbott** minors under the age of twenty-one years

Sealed and delivered in the Presence of

W. E. Holcombe

Sarah C. Abbett {Seal}

G. W. Phillips {Seal}

A. Bryer Sen. {Seal}

PICKENS COUNTY

Pickens District, SC, Probate Court, Box 7, No 89, Estate of **David Hamilton Sr., Deceased (1837), Andrew Hamilton, David Hamilton, and Thomas G. Boggs**, Executors

Will of David Hamilton Sr.

State of South Carolina} In the name of God amen I David Hamilton do this day being far advanced in my time of Life & frail but of a sound mind & memory blessed be God do by these presents make and ordain my last will & Testament At my death I give & recommend my precious Soul to God through my dear Redeemer & my Body to be buried in the earth in a Christian manner by my Executors as they may think proper & as to my worldly property God has given me I will and dispose of in the following manner

First I give and bequeath unto my beloved wife **Jane Hamilton** Two beds & their furniture and the plantation & houses on which I live during her life for her support and the one half of the amount of the sale of my property at her disposal at her death Secondly I give & bequeath unto my son **Andrew Hamilton** one Hundred pounds and eight acres of Land on which he lives for his support during his life but [not] subject to his disposal directly or indirectly for any debts he may be in but to be the property of my grandson **Alexander Hamilton** his son in fee simple 3rd I give & bequeath to my two granddaughters **Margaret & Jane Hamilton** a small tract on Golden Creek containing thirty eight acres

It is my will after my Death that my personal property that is the goods & chattels be sold on a credit of twelve months with the exception of my man **Cezar** not to be sold but to live with my children not a slave but to do as may be his choice and that my woman **Malinda** to serve her mistress my wife during her life but at her death to be free to live with any of my family she may choose or my wife's children and at the Death of my wife my plantation to be sold and the amount to be divided one third to my daughter **Margaret Prater** & one third to **Mary Killpatrick** and the remaining third to be equally divided between my two granddaughters the before mentioned Margaret and Jane Hamilton

—After my death when the personal property & goods & chattels are sold all my just debts to be paid then the one half of the amount of the sale to be divided as before to my wife & the Ballance by paying thirty dollars among all my daughter **Janes children** each an equal share—to wit and farther **Elizabeth Parsons**, **Andrew Hamilton**, **David L. Hamilton**, **Mary Killpatrick**, **Margaret Prater** & **Bathsheba Frasier** each & equal share And farther all my apparel to my son **Andrew Hamilton** & by these presents do appoint **Major Andrew Hamilton** **Col. David Hamilton** and **Thomas G. Boggs** my stepson Executors of this my last Will & Testament revoking all former will by me made this 20 Feby 1830

Sign^d Seal^d & acknowledged

in Presence of

David Hamilton {Seal}

J. L. M'Cann **D. Chamblin** **Fielding Fennell** **Rb' M'Cann**

Personally appeared **Jesse D. Lewis** who being duly Sworn on his oath Saith that he is well acquainted with the handwriting of **J. L. M'Cann** & **R' M'Cann** & believes that their signatures to this will to be genuine
November 7, 1837

J. H. Dendy

South Carolina, Pickens District} Be it remembered that the within will of David Hamilton Sen^r Dec^d was proven not by the Oath of one of the subscribing witnesses as is usual they being absent from the state—but but was proven by the Oath of David K. Hamilton one [of] the persons named as Executors of this will—At the same time Qualified the s^d David K. Hamilton as Executor of the within last Will & Testament. David Hamilton's Will No 34 Recorded in will Book n^o 1 pages 51 & 2 Examined & Certified by me

Ja^s H. Dendy O. P. D.

Thomas G. Boggs' Refusal to Qualify As An Executor of Estate of David Hamilton Sen^r

To Col. David K. Hamilton and Major Andrew Hamilton, Gentlemen As you and myself are the persons named in the last will of David Hamilton deceased, as Executors ; And as the will does not specify the property particularly to be sold ; And as there are several negroes on the plantation which of right belong to the widow, my mother, during her life, and after her death , to her children—I decline qualifying as an Executor, and give you notice that the negroes will not be permitted to be sold by the Executor under the

will, nor by any other person as the right thereof never did vest in the said David Hamilton deceased
6th November 1837

T. G. Boggs

Letters Testamentary

State of South Carolina, Pickens District} By Ja^s H. Dendy Esquire, Ordinary of the District aforesaid, TO ALL WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME GREETING, Know ye, that on the sixth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty seven the last Will and Testament of David Hamilton late of this district, deceased, was proved in open Court ... and administration ... was thereupon granted ... unto Col. David K. Hamilton one of the persons named executor in said will. He [is to] ... make a full and perfect inventory ... on or before the First Monday of January next ...

WITNESS James H. Dendy, ... the sixth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty seven
Ja^s H. Dendy O. P. D. {Seal}

Warrent of Appraisement

South Carolina, Pickens District} Ja^s H. Dendy, Esq. Ordinary These are to authorise and empower you, or any three or four of you whose names are hereunder written ... [to] make a true and perfect inventory ... on or before the fourth Monday of this instant. Dated, the sixth day of November Anno Domini 1837 and the sixty second year of American Independence. To

Bryant Burroughs **Thomas Hallum** **John Templeton** **F. Garvin** and **William Boggs**

or any three or four of them.

MEMORANDUM. This Eleventh day of November 183_ [left blank] personally appeared before me F. N. Garvin Esquire one of the Justices assigned to keep the peace in Pickens District, **Thomas Hallum**, **William Boggs**, and **F.N. Garvin** being the appraisers appointed to appraise the Goods and Chattels of David Hamilton deceased : who being duly sworn, made oath, that they would make a just and true appraisement

F. N. Garvin J. P.

Appraisement Bill of the Property of David Hamilton deceased

[A total sum of the appraised value of the estate was not given. No slaves were named in the inventory.] We the undersigned appraisers of the Personal Estate of David Hamilton Dec^d do certify the within to be a true Bill of appraisement according to the best of our knowledge. Given under our hands this 1st day [month left blank] 1837

F. N. Garvin Thomas Hallum

Bill of Sale of the Property of David Hamilton deceased Dec 1st 1837

[Buyers at the sale are listed below:

Jane Hamilton	Joseph Taylor	F.N. Garvin	Ephraim Sargiant
Wm Boggs	Adam Hill	John Major	Cyrus Hamilton
Solomon Lee	Joseph Prator	John Garner	J. J. Hollingsworth
E. Agner	S. Bates	Moses Hendrix	Wm Clayton
Mary Holland	J. Davis	Tho ^s Garvin	Gideon Roper
John Dowis	D.K. Hamilton	Roland Lowry	Moses Holly
J. Gunter	Silas Floyd	Peter Gilstrap	T.G. Boggs
Alexander Camel			

The total amount of the sale was \$415.32½.]

I certify that the above is a correct account of the amount of sale of the property of David Hamilton deceased January 1, 1838
Thos G. Boggs C S [clerk of sale]

1 Year Return of Estate of David Hamilton Sen^r

David K. Hamilton, Executor, in account with the Estate of David Hamilton Dec^d

To amount of cash received for and on account of property sold at Sale \$219.00

1838 Jan 1	Dr	By cash paid Ord'y	4.00
May 28	"	" cash p'd com' General fee for Search	3.00
1837 Dec' 1	"	" " Sargent proven a/c	4.75
1838 Jan 18	"	" cash p'd Doc' Oliver note with Int.	15.75
1839 May 6 th	"	" " Ordny 1 years return	3.00
			<u>\$ 30.50</u>

I do certify on the oath of Adm^r that the above is a Just & true account of the Receipts & expenditures of the amount of money of the Estate of David Hamilton Senr Dec'd D.K. Hamilton

Cash Paid Out to Legatees As Per Receipts

1839 Jan 9	By Cash paid Jarrett Parsons for himself & Margaret Prater	\$40.00
1838 Dec' 27	Cash paid And ^r W. Kirkpatrick	40.51
" " 27	" " Sam ^r Fraser	43.51
1839 Jan 4 th	" " Shelby Bates for himself and Jane P. Hamilton	8.25
" Jan 4	" " Dav ^r A Hamilton	4.12 $\frac{1}{2}$
		<u>139.39$\frac{1}{2}$</u>

Certified 6 May 1839 J^r H. Dendy O. P. D. {Seal}

Acct Current & Dividend

David K. Hamilton Administrator in account with estate of D. Hamilton Dec'd		
1840 Dr To Amount Sales	15.00	
	\$414.37 $\frac{1}{2}$	
" " Cash collected on McWhorter	430.37 $\frac{1}{2}$	
" " Balance of Corn Cotton &c	48.66	\$479.03 $\frac{1}{2}$
Cr		
By Cash paid to Sundries as p' 1 years return	30.50	
paid Ordinary 2 year return	1.00	
" Printer for advertising	1.00	
Commission allow ^d the adm ^r	29.95	56.45
		<u>422.58$\frac{1}{2}$</u>
Widows half		211.29 $\frac{1}{4}$
		211.29
Cash paid to the heirs of Jane Hamilton		30.00
as directed by the last will		<u>181.29</u>

The Balance to be equally Divided between Eliz. Parsons Andrew Hamilton David L. Hamilton
Mary Kirkpatrick Margaret Prater Bathsheba Frazier

Cash paid Cyrus E Hamilton	4.12 $\frac{1}{2}$
Cash paid John B. Prater for the use of Margaret & Jarrett Parsons as per receipt	40.00
Certified the 27 April 1840 J. H. Dendy O.P. D. {Seal}	

Rec^d From Jane Hamilton Shelby Bates & Margaret Bates

\$31.58 $\frac{1}{4}$ Received of W^m Steele Ordinary of Pickens District Thirty one dollars fifty Eight & $\frac{1}{4}$ cents it

being the amt due us from the Real Estate of David Hamilton Deceased 29th Sept 1845

Test John E Odell

her
Shelby Bates Margaret [†] Bates
mark

[The genealogical value of examining all the papers in an estate file is highlighted here with David Hamilton's estate. Particularly valuable are receipts from legatees, yearly returns, and final settlements. Since a husband had the right to receive his wife's legacy, or share of an estate, it is almost a certainty that he will sign a receipt for her share. We thus learn the full name of that husband. If a married daughter signs for herself, a good conclusion is that her husband is deceased. A study of the receipts and monetary statements above allows one to form a more complete picture of David Hamilton's family than is provided by his will alone. The order of birth in the following list of David Hamilton's children is uncertain, but here is presented a highly probable compilation based on the estate papers above:

1. Jane Hamilton, married a Mr. Hamilton, had children Margaret, Jane P., David A., and Cyrus E. Her daughter Margaret married Shelby Bates.
2. Elizabeth Hamilton, married Jarrett Parsons.
3. Andrew Hamilton
4. David L. Hamilton
5. Mary Hamilton, married Andrew W. Kirkpatrick.
6. Margaret Hamilton, may have been widowed at the time of the final settlement, or may have been married to John B. Prater.
7. Bathsheba Hamilton, married Samuel Fraser/Frazier.]

PICKENS COUNTY

Pickens District, SC, Probate Court, Box 11, No 145, Estate of Jane Hamilton Deceased (1843), Thomas G. Boggs, Executor

Last Will And Testament of Mrs. Jane Hamilton

In the name of God, amen. I, Jane Hamilton, of the District of Pickens, State of South Carolina, being of sound and disposing mind and memory, but weak in body, and calling to mind the uncertainty of life, and being desirous to dispose of all such worldly estate as it hath pleased God to bless me with, do make and ordain this my last Will, in manner following; that is to say:

I desire and direct that the negro woman, **Mariah**, and her two youngest children, **Susan** and **Isaac**; and the negro woman **Julia**, and her youngest child **Celia**, be all sold at public Sale, immediately after my decease, and out of the monies arising therefrom all my just debts and funeral expences be paid; and the remainder to be equally divided between my children **Elizabeth Odell**, **John R. Boggs**, **Thomas G. Boggs**, and **George W. Boggs**.

I desire and direct that all the other negroes belonging to me, namely **Harriet**, **Thomas**, **Antony**, **Sampson**, **Billy**, **Berry**, **Eliza**, **John Westly**, **Green**, **Emily**, and **Anderson** be appraised by three impartial persons, and by them be divided into lots, as equally as can be, and that each of my children, above named, have one lot of the same, to be divided by drawing lots; of the lots into which the said negroes are divided, according to the the appraisement, the child or children which may draw the lot, or lots that are valued above one fourth of the whole of the praised valued of said negroes, shall pay over to the child, or children, who may draw the lot or lots that are valued below one fourth of the whole appraised value, so that each of my four children may have an equal share of the same, as near as possible. And I desire and direct that the lots of negroes above disposed shall be drawn by **Elizabeth Odell** and **John R. Boggs** be held by them, respectively, during their natural lives, severally, and afterwards to belong to their bodily heirs, severally.

I give to my Son **Thomas G. Boggs** one black cow. The remainder of my stock of cattle, I desire and direct to be sold, as above provided, and the monies arising therefrom to be equally divided among all my children above named.

I give to my Daughter **Elizabeth Odell** one feather bed. I give to my daughter-in-law **Jane Boggs** one feather bed. I desire that all my bed clothing and wearing apparel to be equally divided between my

daughter Elizabeth Odell and daughters-in-law Jane Boggs and Eleanor Boggs. All the remainder of my property, consisting of household furniture, or whatever else there may be I give to my son Thomas G. Boggs.

And lastly, I do constitute and appoint my Son Thomas G. Boggs executor of this my last Will and Testament by me made. In testimony whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix my seal this **sixth** day of **January** AD 1843.

Signed, Sealed, and Published and delivered
as the last Will and Testament of the above
named Jane Hamilton in the presence of us
Aaron Boggs A.E. McDonnell Allen Fuller

her
Jane x Hamilton
mark

Codicil to Jane Hamilton's Will

Whereas I Jane Hamilton of the District of Pickens, State of South Carolina, have made my last Will and Testament in writing bearing date the sixth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand Eight Hundred and forty three, and have therein directed that my negroes Harriet, Thomas, Antony, Sampson, Billy Berry, Eliza, John Westly, Green, Emily and Anderson should be divided among my four children Elizabeth Odell, John R. Boggs, Thomas G. Boggs, and George Washington Boggs, in manner therein set forth; and whereas I have this day made division of said negroes in the same manner as therein directed, by Deeds of Gifts, of the same date as this instrument of writing, which I hereby declare to be a codicil to my said will, to be taken as part thereof, I do will and direct that my Executor named in said Will do pay over to my daughter Elizabeth Odell the sum of twenty five dollars, over and above the equal shares of said monies which would otherwise be divided unto my son John R. Boggs by said will, this being to make equal the lots of negroes agreeably to the appraisement of the same which have been this day conveyed by the said Deeds of Gift. And I desire that this my codicil be annexed to and made a part of my last Will and Testament In witness whereof, I hereunto set my hand, and affix my seal, this **seventh** day of **January**, in the year of our Lord **one thousand Eight hundred and forty three**, and in the Sixty Seventh year of the Independence of the United States of America.

Signed Sealed, delivered and declared
to be a codicil to the last Will and
Testament of the above named Jane
Hamilton in the presence of us
Allen Fuller A E McDonnell W^m S. Williams

her
Jane x Hamilton
mark

[Jane Hamilton's Will Proven]

South Carolina, Pickens District} Be it remembered that on the 23^d day of **January** 1843 the within Last Will and Testament of Jane Hamilton decess'd together with the Codicil annexed thereunto was proven in common form by the Oath of A. E. McDonnell one of the subscribing witnesses to the same.

Be it remembered that on the the 6th day of February 1843 Thomas G Boggs the person named Executor in the within will was duly Qualified as sole Executor to the same **Ja^s H. Dendy O.P.D. {seal}**

Letter Testamentary to Tho^s G Boggs

...Thomas G. Boggs the person named Executor in said Will ... being duly sworn, will and faithfully administer, and make a full and perfect Inventory of all and singular the said Goods and Chattels, Right and credits, and to exhibit the same inventory unto the office of the Clerk of Court of Ordinary aforesaid in order to be recorded, on or before the 1 Monday of May now next ... Sixth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty three **Ja^s H. Dendy OPD**

Warrent of Appraisement

South Carolina, Pickens District} By Ja^s H. Dendy ... to Allen Fuller, W^m Boggs, Tho^s Hallums, Tho^s Smith ... [The men named above were sworn to be appraisers of the estate of Jane Hamilton on March 3, 1843 by William Smith, a magistrate of Pickens county.]

Inventory and Appraisement of the Personal Property of Jane Hamilton Deceased

Negroes Appraied	Maria and 3 children	200 + 650	850.00
	Julia and child		600.00

Appraied this 3rd of January 1844 by us Allen Fuller W^m Boggs} appraisers

Sale Bill

The woman Maria and 3 children	T. G. Boggs bought	720
The woman Julia and child	W ^m Boggs bought	450
		\$1170

Wit. Thomas Hallums

I Thos G Boggs Executor of the Estate of Jane Hamilton dec^d do hereby solemnly affirm that Thomas Hallums whose name is above written did act as an appraiser of the above nam^d negroes and further that the said negroes sold for the said sum of Eleven hundred & Seventy dollars T.G. Boggs Executor

1 White faced cow and white faced calf to Leander Boggs	3.00
1 Brown cow & calf [to] Jefferson Parsons	6.81 ¼
1 Black heifer & steer [to] William Boggs	4.87 ½
	14.68 ¾

The above is a Just acct of the sales of the the said cattle above described T.G. Boggs Executor

T.G. Boggs Proven Acct

Mrs. Jane Hamilton Dec^d To Tho^s G. Boggs Dr
To attending to Deceased for frequent & long indispositions for four years \$100.00

South Carolina, Pickens District} Personally appeared before me Tho^s G Boggs & made Oath that the above acct is just & true & that no part of the same has ever been paid him. Sworn to 26th January 1846
Before me W. D. Steele O.P.D. T. G. Boggs

[The details of the yearly return and final settlement of this estate have no genealogical content, unlike the previous estate, and they will be omitted here.]

YORK COUNTY

York County, SC, Estate Records Book A 1787-1799, Estate of Joseph Boggs, Deceased (1795)

Will of Joseph Boggs (No 80, p. 161)

In the name of God Amen I Joseph Boggs of York County in the State of south Carolina being Sick & Weak in Body but of Perfect mind and memory therefore calling to mind the mortality of my Body and that it is appointed for all men to die, do therefore make and Ordain this my last Will & Testament in Manner following, Viz, I Recommend my Soul into the Hands of God who gave it, And My Body to be buried in a Decent Manner at the discretion of my Executors---And touching such Worldly Estate where with as it has pleased God to bless me in this Life I give and bequeth in the following manner Viz, I Order

all my Lawful Debts to be Discharged **First** I give unto my Beloved wife **Jean** one Third part of my Personal Estate and the privilege of having her choose of the Mansion Houses where I now live Also the Benefits of said plantation untill my Youngest Surviving Child arrive to the age of Sixteen Years She being [?] to maintain & educate Said children in as good a manner as is customary for children in Like circumstances I give and bequeath to my son **Aaron Boggs** Ten shillings I give and bequeath to my daughter **Jean Wisher** Ten shillings I order that that [sic] the Remainder of my Estate Real & Personal be sold & Equally Divided between the Rest of my Children Viz **James Boggs, Polly Boggs, Joseph Boggs, William Wallace Boggs, Agnes Boggs, Elizabeth Boggs, John Renick Boggs** and **Thomas Gilliland Boggs** when my youngest surviving child arrives to Sixteen years of age. I allow my wife the privilege of Said Mansion House During her Life or widowhood Also a fifth Part of the Benefits of said plantation and then said plantation to be Sold & and the price thereof Equally Divided among the Last mentioned Eight children Viz **James Boggs [sic]** & I do hereby Nominate Constitute and apoint **Tho^s Boggs David Niely** and **Elija Flemming** my Trusty and well beloved friends as Executors of this my Last Will and Testament—and do hereby revoke and Disannul all former wills by me Maid Ratified and confirming this and no other as my Last Will and Testament. Signed Sealed Published Pronounced as my Last Will and Testament this 24 Day of **August AD 1795**

in presence of

Francis Adams

William Eakin

Mary Renit

Jo^s Boggs {Seal}

YORK COUNTY

York County, SC, Estate Records Book B 1800-1811, Estate of **Joseph Boggs**, Deceased (1795)

Annual Return for the Year 1803 (p. 220)

[One of the entries on this page was the following:]

Mrs. Jane Bogs produced Receipts & vouchers for paying different creditors in the sum of

£ 5.13.9

Sworn to Before me **May 2^d 1803** **A. Moore** Ordinaray Y. D.

Final Settlement in the Year 1808 (p. 623)

Amount of Estate £ 191.9.. 2

Mary Bogs Legatee 1.5.1

Agnes Bogs Legatee 4.5.1

Joseph Bogs Legatee 4.5.1

William Wallace Bogs Legatee 4.5.1

John Wisher Legatee 0.10.0

Aaron Bogs Legatee 0.10.0

David Hamilton in right of his wife **Jean** late **Jean Bogs** and her children

viz, **Elizabeth bogs** **John R. Bogs** **Thomas Gilliland Bogs** and **George**

Washington Bogs in full 38.5.3

Sworn before me **Sept^r 17th 1808** **Alx Moore** ordinary

[We see that Mrs. Jane/Jean Boggs, widow of Joseph Boggs, married David Hamilton of Pendleton District on some date between May 2, 1803 and September 17, 1808. Her fourth child, George Washington Boggs was not named in Joseph Boggs' will, and he probably was born after Joseph's demise. We can conclude that Joseph was married more than once, and that his older daughter Jean was already married to John Wisher when Joseph wrote his will.]

CHESTER DISTRICT EQUITY COURT RECORDS DIRECT AND CROSS INDICES EQUITY BILLS 1820-1874

(Continued from Volume XIV, Number 3, August 2000)

Transcribed by Dr. James L. Reid, 730 Walnut Hill Road 29322.

Note: These files can be ordered from the Reference & Research Division, South Carolina Department of Archives & History, 8301 Parkland Road, Columbia, SC 29223.

Plaintiff(s)	Defendant(s)	Class of Paper	No.	Years
Goore, Ann	Margaret Goore <i>et al</i>	Bill	11	1824-1826
Goore, Nancy <i>et al</i>	Catherine Furguson	"	18	1826-1829
Goore, Margaret <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	" "
Goore, Catherine <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	" "
Goore, Isaack <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	" "
Gaston, Susannah	J. L. Davis <i>et al</i>	"	22	" "
Gourly, Anna <i>et al</i>	John Gourly	"	24	1829-1831
Gartin, Andrew <i>et ux et al</i>	James Strong Junr <i>et al</i>	"	41	1830-1832
Glenn, Jas B. Exor	William Foot	"	42	" "
Gilchrist, James <i>et ux</i>	John Bowden, <i>et al</i>	"	47	1832-1833
Gilmore, Jas H <i>et al</i>	Mary Gilmore	"	51	1833-1834
Gilmore, Mary <i>et al</i>	William Clinton	"	55	1834-1835
Gilmore, James <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	" "
Gilmore, Thomas R. <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	" "
Gilmore, W ^m Y <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	" "
Gilmore, Nancy <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	" "
Gilmore, Louisa <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	" "
Gilmore, Amariylis <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	" "
Gaston W ^m <i>et ux et al</i>	Sally Trey	"	38	" "
Gibson, James G <i>et ux et al</i>	John A. Brady <i>et al</i>	"	76	1836
Griffen, John E <i>et al</i>	Eliza Long <i>et al</i>	"	79	"
Griffen, Ralph <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	"
Griffen, James Jun. <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	"
Griffen, Thomas <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	"
Gaston, Susannah	Thomas Meclure Sr <i>et al</i>	"	104	1820-1840
Gresham, Martha	John Yongue <i>et al</i>	"	114	1840-1841
Goore, Clement <i>et ux et al</i>	John Darby admr	"	130	1841-1843
Glenn, Jas B. <i>et ux</i>	John Picket <i>et al</i>	"	147	1837-1844
Gregory, Francis <i>et al</i>	Sylvanus Carter	"	160	1845
Golding, Abigail	Ferdinand Crawford	"	162	1846
Gilmore, J B <i>et ux</i>	Timothy D. Rowell	"	170	"
Goya, W ^m <i>et ux</i>	Thomas Rainey	"	181	1847
Gilmore, James B exe'r <i>et ux</i>	Sterling P. Rowell	"	182	"
Gill, John	Jane Gill	"	201	1848
Gill, John G B <i>et ux</i>	" "	"	"	"
Graham, J D <i>et ux</i>	Edmond Rains admr	"	207	1849
Gilmore, James B admr	" "	"	"	"
Gassaway, Agnes	John D. Gassaway	"	217	"
Gaston, Susannah	Elizabeth Carter <i>et al</i>	"	249	1850
Gladden, James <i>et ux</i>	Sarah D. Coleman	"	267	1853

Grafton, Daniel	John P. Pardue	"	271	"
Grafton, John S	" " "	"	"	"
Grafton, Rebecca	" " "	"	"	"
Grafton, E	" " "	"	"	"
Gill, W ^m P	John Griffen Coleman <i>et ux et al</i> Bill		272	"
Gaydon, E	James B. Gilmore <i>et al</i> Bill		273	"
Graham, James <i>et ux</i>	James Robinson <i>et al</i>	"	278	1854
Graham, James	E W Whit admr <i>et al</i>	"	280	"
Gilmore, Thos K	Edward Mobley <i>et al</i>	"	294	1855
Gilmore, W ^m Y	" "	"	"	"
Guy, James L	William Y Saly	"	305	1856
Gillespa, Thomas Senr	Thomas Gillespa Junr	"	308	"
Gillespa, Mary	" " "	"	"	"
Gillespa, Joseph	" " "	"	"	"
Gillespa, Jane	" " "	"	"	"
Gaston, Lititia	James A. Gaston <i>et al</i>	"	325	1857
Gaston, John J.	" " "	"	"	"
Gibson, Samuel	Robert Gibson <i>et al</i>	"	326	"
Grafton, John S	Esther Grafton	"	331	"
Grafton, Catherine	" "	"	"	"
Grafton, Rebecca	" "	"	"	"
Grafton, Margaret	" "	"	"	"
James D Boyce <i>(sic)</i> Ex'r	Thomas DeGraffenried	"	343	1859
Gladden, Elihu	G G Jackson	"	349	"
Gill, Mary	Ex Parte	Petition	24	1820-1829
Gray, Henry	" "	"	25	" "
Grier, Wade	" "	"	50	1829-1837
Gilmore, W Y	" "	"	51	" "
Gilmore, N	" "	"	"	" "
Gilmore, L	" "	"	"	" "
Gilmore, Mary	" "	"	52	" "
Gilmore, Mary	" "	"	53	" "
Graham, James	" "	"	54	" "
Graham, S W	" "	"	"	" "
Graham, Priscilla	" "	"	"	" "
Graham, Elizabeth <i>et al</i>	" "	"	"	" "
Guntharp, John	" "	"	56	" "
Gooch, Eliza W	" "	"	104	1837-1843
Gooch, Charlotte W	" "	"	105	" "
Guntharp, John	" "	"	168	1843-1847
Guntharp, A E	" "	"	169	" "
Gamble, Jane	" "	"	170	" "
Gaston, Joseph A	" "	"	209	1847-1849
Guthrie, Ellen C	" "	"	210	" "
Gladden, Molsey	" "	"	237	1849-1851
Graham, Elizabeth	" "	"	238	" "
Gaston, J B	" "	"	264	1851-1854

Gillespa, Thomas	" "	"	321	1855
Gladden, Elihew	" "	"	367	1857
Gaston, John B	Ross J Dye	Bill	368	1857
Gill, W ^m P <i>et al</i>	Ex Parte	Petition	419	1859
Gooch, Henry H	" "	"	420	"
Gill, W ^m P	James R. Aiken	Bill	380	1860
Gooch, H H admr	Eliza Walker <i>et al</i>	"	404	1864
Gill, W ^m P admr <i>et al</i>	W ^m M McDonald <i>et al</i>	"	446	1868
Guy, Amanda D	Ex Parte	Petition	456	1860-1865
Grant, W ^m J	" "	"	496	1864-1868

Here ends the "G's".

To be continued

FAMILY GROUP OF BARTLETT MILAM OF LAURENS DISTRICT

Contributed by Dr. James L. Reid, 730 Walnut Hill Road, Campobello SC 29322.

Source: Laurens County Probate Court, Box#52, Package#1, Estate of Bartlett Milam (1820), Jane Milam, Administrator.

Contributor's Note: Rare it is to find the names *and* birthdates of the distributees in an estate file; but such is the case for Bartlett Milam. The last names of all the children were consistently misspelled as "Millam". I have corrected the spelling to "Milam".Aaron Milam son [of] Bartlett born 24th January 1805Polly Milam was born on the 25th day of November 1806Sally Milam was born on the 16th day of November 1806Allman Milam was born the 16th day of July 1810Emily Milam was born the 11th May 1812Elizabeth Milam was born the 8th Jan'y 1814Julian Millam was born the 10th OctoberPatsy Milam was born the 12th Nov. 1817Rebecca Milam was born the 18th Dec' 1819

A REALLY OLD BENNETT FAMILY BIBLE RECORD

Contributed by Mrs. Gladys White Lankford, 67 Magnolia Drive, Piedmont, Alabama 36272.

Source: J. Smith Fathey and Gilbert Cope, *History of Chester County, Pennsylvania* (Philadelphia: Louis H. Everts, 1881)

BENNETT.—The earliest record of this family is obtained from an old Bible which was brought over by the emigrant ancestors of the present generation. The entries are as follows:

Baptised was John sonn of Edward and Alis Bennet 14 day of May 1626.

Was baptised Margery the Daughter of Oliver and Mary ffello 14 August 1628.

Married were John Bennet and Margery ffello the 10 of ffebruary 1650.

Ann thare Daughter was Baptised the 8 day of April 1654.

Baptised was John the sonn of John and Margery Bennet the 20 January 1656.

Baptised was Edward the son of John and Margery Bennet the 14 October 1659.

Baptised was Mary the Daughter of John and Margery Bennet 16 of October 1663.

Margery Bennet the 16 day of January 1663 but was borne the 25 December.

COURTSHIP IN TWO PARTS. II

PART ONE

The Way Lawyers Do It

Source: *The Highland Sentinel*, Feb. 18, 1842, p.4

Courting—A lawyer, whom we knew well, did his courting off-hand. He had got a good practice and a high reputation, as well for what his noddie contained of Coke and Blackstone, as for being an eccentric chap in all his ways, doings and sayings. His eccentricity got him in the notion it wasn't "meet that ~~woman~~ should be alone : and so of a delightful summer's eve—when the roses smiled and the cowslips laughed, Sunday evening too, mind ye, gentle reader, that

"Delightful hour of witching love"

he caught up his hat and was seen ascending the steps of a cottage beside the hill where tripped

"A lovely damsel bright and fair."

She opened the door, as he politely asked, "Is the Chief Justice within?" "No, sir," said the pretty one, "but will be shortly." "Ah, that's no matter," said the Councillor, as he curtsied within the door, "I did not come to see the father, my client is interested only in the testimony of the daughter. My client, madam, owns the mansion you see from yonder, and the path of his suit is to ascertain if you would have any objections to becoming its mistress. I'll call again next Sabbath evening for your answer." "Why, sir, it won't be necessary to suspend the *suit*. I think your client's case is founded in *Justice* without any *special pleading*; but, as father has been 21 years upon the bench, it would be decorous to see if his *opinion* does not confirm mine." "Certainly, madam," said the lawyer, as the father entered the apartment. It is needless to say that the full Court did not reverse the decision—and the happy pair signed the bond and went into possession in four weeks from that night.

PART TWO

Courtship in Michigan

Source: *The Yorkville Enquirer*, Jan. 27, 1881, p.1

Thirty years ago, Michigan people were a frank and truthful set. Strangers could come here and trade horses with their eyes closed, breach of promise cases were unknown. Folks meant what they said and when they gave their word stuck to it. Exactly thirty years ago this month a widower from New York State appeared in Lansing on business. That same business carried him over to DeWitt, eight miles away. While on his way he stopped at a log farm house to warm his cold fingers. He was warmly welcomed by the pioneer and his wife, both of whom were well along in years, and after some general talk the woman queried: "Am I correct in thinking you are a widower?" "Yes." "Did you come out here to find a wife?" "Partly." "Did anyone tell you of our Susie?" "No." "Well, we've got as bouncing a girl of twenty-two as you have ever set your eyes on. She's good looking, healthy and good tempered, and I think you will like her looks." "Where is she?" "Over in the woods there, chopping down a coon tree. Shall I blow the horn for her?" "No. If you will keep an eye on my horse I'll find her." "Well, there's nothing stuck up or affected about Susie. She'll say yes or no as soon as she looks you over. If you want her, don't be afraid to say so."

The stranger heard the sound of her axe and followed it. He found her just as the tree was ready to fall. She was a stout, good looking girl, swinging the axe like a man, and in two minutes he had decided to say:

"Susie, I am a widower from New York State. I am thirty nine years old, and have one child, own a good farm, and I want a wife. Will you go back with me?"

She leaned on the axe and looked at him for half a minute and then replied: "Can't say for certain. Just wait till I get these coons off my mind."

She sent the tree crashing to the earth, and with his help killed five coons which were in a hollow.

"Well what do you say?" he asked as the last coon stopped kicking. "I'm you'r'n," was the reply, "and by the time you get back from DeWitt I'll have these pelts off and tacked up and be ready for the preacher."

He returned to the house and told the old folks that he should bring back a preacher with him, and at dusk that evening the twain were married. Hardly an hour had been wasted in courtship.—*Detroit Free Press*

1907 SPARTANBURG DAILY HERALD NEWSPAPER ITEMS

Contributed by Lynn Hicks Sellers, 302 Mt. Zion Road, Spartanburg, SC 29303.

Continued from this *Quarterly*, November 2001 issue.

Issue of January 5, 1907

Page 4

Rifles for the Police

Guns arrived yesterday and are now in place at Headquarters. The rifles which were ordered some time ago for the Spartanburg police arrived yesterday morning and were at once turned over to the police by Spartan Hardware Co. through which firm the order was made. There were 24 rifles in all. The rifles are Winchester short barreled. The calibre is 38-55 and carry steel nose bullets. The magazine carries 9 bullets with one in the chamber a total of 10. The policemen were much pleased and the kick which was raised for some time will now subside.

Spring Almanac

The Spartanburg Almanac will be ready for distribution within the next few days. The Almanac is gotten up by Prof. J.A. Gamewell of Wofford College and Prof. W.G. Blake of city schools. The coming Almanac will be the 6th published.

Page 5

Cigar Factory Moving

Piedmont Co. moves its plant to W. Henry Street yesterday from over Getsingers Furniture to #158 W. Henry Street. R.D. Merriell deputy collector, supervised the moving. The law requires that a deputy collector look after the moving of cigar factories and other enterprises of this type. J.H. Finney owner said the Co. did more business last year than ever before.

Issue of January 6, 1907

Page 5

Cases on docket for the Term

The following are cases to be handed to the Grand Jury on Monday by Solicitor Sease: Lin Murriel, Assault & Battery with intent to kill; Della & Henry Martin, Assault & Battery with intent to kill; Church Leland, Assault & Battery with intent to kill; Mims Bird, Assault & Battery with intent to kill and Assaulting an officer; G.T. Dallas, O.M. Dallas and J.M. Sumrow, Breach of Trust; T.J. Odom despoising of property under lien; Clarence Elmore, Seduction and Bastardy; Maude Glenn, running a Bawdy House.

Stocks for Sale

I have the following shares of stock for sale: 10 Shares Fidelity Loan & Trust Co., 7 Shares Bank of Spartanburg, 20 Shares Lockland, 15 Shares Gaffney, 5 Shares Saxon, 32 Shares Loray, 17 Shares Woodruff 125 Shares Arcadia, 15 Shares Chiquila, 50 Shares Inman, 100 Shares Union -Buffalo, 20 Shares Woodruff 122, 50 Shares Loray, 20 Shares Brandon, 10 Shares Piedmont, 5 Shares First National Bank, 20 Shares Monarch, 10 Shares Tucapau. C.H. Barker, Broker, Spartanburg, S.C.

Page 6

Real Estate

The following sales were made by J.T. Willard yesterday: W.R. Waldrop, Lot on Swain Street to C.E. Moore; Mrs. Bragg to Will Hodges 1-6 acre farm near Clifton #2; J.W. Gentry to H.H. Herring lot on W. Henry; For himself 1 lot on Henry Street to H.H. Herring; J.L. Smith to W.D. Davis house on N. Church Street; Charles Christner to J.W. Trout two houses and lot on Henry Street. J.T. Willard rented the following houses in the last few days: House and lot on Oakwood Ave. to H.F. Stribling of Woodruff. Mr. Stribling moved to the City and will make Spartanburg his home. House and lot on Wofford Street to Mr. Dandis; House and lot on Walker Street to J.H. Tate; House and lot on Carlisle Street to W.P. Thompson;

House and lot on Fremont Ave. to J.W. Barnes of Charlotte; House and lot on Dewey Ave. to S.C. Godshell.

Textiles

New Treasurer Assumes Duties - They like Spartanburg. Walker Lanchester who has for the past several years been cashier of the Pacolet Mfg. Co. at Pacolet and who recently accepted the position of cashier and treasurer of Crescent Mfg. Co. of this city. Mr. Lanchester was succeeded at Pacolet by Mr. J.W. Bostick who for a number of years was ticket agent for the Southern Railway.

Page 7

Fresh shipment of Hotel Astor Coffee. Give it a trial. 35 cents pound. R.H. Jordan, 62 E. Main Street, Phone 139.

Brains Repaired - Grape Nuts "There's a reason".

Page 8

The Merchants & Farmer Bank

Capitol \$100,000; Surplus \$50,000; City and County Depository 4 1/2 o/o interest on Certificate of Deposit. This bank established 17 years ago.

A.L. White, President J.R. Fleming, Cashier, Gabriel Cannon, Asst. Cashier.

Hogless Lard

Snowdrift - Hogless lard under U. S. Inspection.

[Contributor's Note: There are no issues for January 6th and 7th.]

CITY TURNED ITS BACK ON THESE SOLDIERS

Contributed by Lorene Fisher, 22 Goose Trail, Taylors, SC 29687-5510.

Source: *The Spartanburg Herald-Journal*, issue of February 26, 1984 [This article was written by Michael Leonard.]

Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S.C.

A Busy and Crowded Place During World War I

"Spartanburg called itself the 'City of Success' in 1917 and had reason to do so. Railroads, textiles, colleges and culture made the boast true. The location of a World War I training camp just outside the city limits in that year added to Spartanburg's lustre, but residents believed their city's glow to be dimmed when a complement of black soldiers from New York was sent to the camp. On three occasions, violent situations between the infantrymen and whites that could easily have led to riots were defused and after a few weeks in town, the black soldiers were shipped to the front in France. The story, of their stay in Spartanburg, which appears below, has largely gone untold."

Spartanburg in 1917 was beginning its legacy as a town that trained soldiers. The image was fostered in World War I at Camp Wadsworth and continued in World War II with the location of Camp Croft southeast of the city.

Thousands of doughboys learned their trench warfare at Wadsworth just beyond the western city limits of Spartanburg in 1917 and 1918. They were off to the fields of France and Germany to fight the war machine of Germany's Kaiser Wilhelm. Almost 25 years later, thousands more learned to make war at Camp Croft to fight the Germans again, this time under the leadership of Fuhrer Adolf Hitler.

Much more than just the leadership of Germany and the location of Spartanburg's camps changed over that quarter century period. Some progress was made in the United States toward smoothing race relations, and in South Carolina violence and hatred against blacks lessened. Camp Croft and the city of Spartanburg still was not an ideal location for a black man in the early 1940s, but at least it wasn't one where danger and hostility were constant companions. The black soldiers of the Fifteenth New York Infantry in October 1917 had known that condition in October 1917.

It was a bustling town the Fifteenth New York rode into that fall day in 1917 on the rails of the Piedmont and Northern. Spartanburg burst with pride over its prosperity and the coup of its leadership in landing one of the U.S. Army's 16 World War I training camps.

The city had opened its arms to the nation's defenders in June upon learning a camp would be built nearby and the first soldiers who arrived were showered with Southern hospitality and grace. Members of the Fifteenth New York Infantry were not accorded that reception. If the accounts of newspapers and books from the period are correct, many civic leaders and the average citizen in Spartanburg, S.C. would have preferred to run the troops right back out of town on the rails they rode in on. The reason was the doughboys were black men from the North.

In this Southern town of colleges, music and textiles, the chancre of the Civil War still oozed painfully. White recruits from New York were accepted with the same good grace as the camp name, given after Union General James Wadsworth who helped win the pivotal battle of Gettysburg during the Civil War. But Yankee blacks—that was quite another question.

Resistance to the quartering of the troops in Spartanburg was expressed in the press editorial and news columns. Violence had broken out between black soldiers and the white authorities in other cities and Spartanburg leaders feared the same would happen in their self-dubbed "City of Success."

The New York Times Aug. 31, 1917, issue carried a story on page four telling of fear and rancor in Spartanburg over government plans to station black troops at Camp Wadsworth. Mayor J.F. Floyd pointed out to the *Times* reporter that violence had erupted earlier in the summer at Houston and St. Louis between black soldiers and whites. He said he feared the Fifteenth Infantry, "with their Northern ideas of race equality, they will probably expect to be treated like white men."

Putting the black New York recruits in Spartanburg "is like waving a red flag in the face of a bull, something that can't be done without trouble," the mayor warned.

In the same article, a spokesman for the chamber of commerce intimated that the city had been double-crossed by the War Department with the sending of black troops to Spartanburg. He stated emphatically that the black infantrymen would be forced to abide by the city's racial mores.

"I can tell you for certain that if any of those colored soldiers go in any of our soda stores and the like and ask to be served, they'll be knocked down," said the chamber official, who was not named by the *Times*. "We have our customs down here, and we aren't going to alter them."

The editorial pages of Spartanburg's two newspapers, *The Herald* and *The Journal and The Carolina Spartan*, also expressed unhappiness over the quartering of black New York infantrymen here.

When it was apparent no amount of official protesting from Congressman Sam. J. Nicholls and other delegation members would alter the War Department's decision, the tack was changed. The newspapers urged Spartanburg's citizens "to make the best of a bad situation," and "receive them as rationally and reasonably as any community in the country."

Hamilton Fish, the white commander of the Fifteenth Infantry's third battalion and a congressman from New York for 25 years, remembers that the newspapers' efforts were not effective. He recalls vividly the hostility with which black troops were received in Spartanburg.

Interviewed by telephone at his New York city residence, the 95 year-old-former battalion commander remembered many of his black troops were insulted and pushed off the sidewalks. An electric sign in town flashed the motto, "Soldiers First," reflecting Spartanburg's desire for the Army trade. But the

maxim apparently applied only to whites.

"They were U.S. Army soldiers fighting for freedom, and democracy, and I took a very firm stand" Fish said. "No soldier, regardless of whether he is black or white, should be pushed off the sidewalk."

"The feeling (about racial separation) there was really very bitter in those days—almost savage."

A football All-American during his college days at Harvard, Fish recommended that his black infantrymen resist being forced off the sidewalks. Col. William Hayward, son of U.S. senator from Nebraska and Fish's commanding officer, implored all the black troops to accept abuse and even physical harm without retaliation, however.

Talks were held between Camp Wadsworth's commanding officers and the white leadership of Spartanburg aimed at preparing the citizenry for the black soldiers, cooling off any hot-headed whites and squelching negative publicity. A letter to the editor of *The Herald* published on Aug. 31, 1917, from a representative of the city's black community stressed the desire of that segment to make the Fifteenth's stay peaceable as well.

But trouble occurred, and only the strong leadership of Hayward and Lt. James Europe prevented violence that could have led to riots in three situations.

Emmett J. Scott, Special Assistant to the Secretary of War, wrote in his book *American Negro in the World War*, of incidents in the city between black soldiers and white businessmen. Some Spartanburg citizens felt something should be done to let the "jaunty" black soldiers from New York "know their place," according to Scott. Military historian Lee Kennett recorded in a Spring 1975 *South Atlantic Quarterly* article the pitching of a black soldier into a Spartanburg street ditch by two white citizens, and after the soldier climbed out two white soldiers knocking the attackers into the same ditch.

The intimidation was also tried with a drum major named Noble Sissle.

Lt. Europe, a well-known black band leader before the war, had sent Sissle into a downtown white hotel to buy a New York newspaper. Sissle was accosted by the owner for not removing his hat and bounced out of the lobby, according to Scott.

"A group of colored and white militiamen 'rushed' the hotel, but they were called to attention by Lt. Europe," Scott wrote, "who demanded that the crowd disperse."

The soldiers were very upset with their treatment and the next night a group of the black militiamen "banded together and began marching to Spartanburg, several miles away, to 'shoot it up' as the soldiers at Houston had 'shot up' that town," according to Scott. Col. Hayward overcame the men before their intent could become action and with firmness turned them back to camp.

Kennett has recorded a separate event following on the heels of that evening.

Two of the black infantry members were missing one morning soon thereafter, and the controlled rage threatened again to explode. Kennett wrote that a truck driver motoring through the camp that morning had told some of the men of the Fifteenth that two of their buddies had been lynched at the city police station. It was an ugly untrue rumor, but just what was needed to break the reservation of the minority soldiers.

"There were no officers present; the black soldiers drew their own conclusion," he wrote.

An armed company of the infantry marched into Spartanburg again to determine the fate of their comrades. Col. Hayward found them standing at attention in full battle dress at the end of Main Street. Two of their number had gone ahead to the police station to make inquiries. Hayward arrived as they were confronting the police with their rifles and their accusations. He led a search of the station which turned up nothing and took the two soldiers with him back to where the company stood still at attention.

"A sizeable crowd of onlookers had gathered," Kennett said. "Hayward stepped from his car and shouted a series of commands. The soldiers snapped to attention and swung their Springfields to their shoulders, the barrels glistening in the pale October sun. In perfect unison the men faced about toward camp."

Ironically, the crowd thought it was a military parade and clapped. The missing men later turned up at camp unharmed.

Hayward found the applause funny, but not the confrontation. He met with the camp commandant immediately and on Oct. 22, sat down in Washington with Secretary of War Newton Baker and the secretary's special Assistant Emmett Scott. Three days later, the unit was pulled out of Spartanburg and sent by way of New York to France, being the first black troops to enter the war.

Across the Atlantic, the unit was renamed the 369th U.S. Infantry and turned over to the French. The 369th's losses were heavy, as it saw more front line action than any other. But as its commander, Hayward, records, the 369th "never lost a foot of ground and never had one of its members captured by the enemy."

Spartanburg tried to forget about the uncomfortable period brought on by those few October weeks of training the New York black infantry took in the town. Camp Wadsworth was closed by the Army after the war and today all that is left of a compound that once held 20,000 soldiers is a few warehouses, a large concrete pad and a hose house.

The Vanderbilt Hills subdivision and Vanderbilt Road are named after Col. Cornelius Vanderbilt who trained at Camp Wadsworth and whose family lived in a luxury rail car on a siding adjacent to the camp, and Wadsworth Hills nearby bears the camp's name. The Cleveland Hotel entertained the rich officers and their families and was a grand and flourishing place in the camp's day. Even its shell remains as a reminder of the period Spartanburg enjoyed notoriety and high society.

The 369th is honored in Harlem, New York City, with an armory and a bronze plaque detailing its exploits against the German Army. Television producer William Miles immortalized the unit in the acclaimed 1977 PBS documentary "Men of Bronze," titled after the marker on that armory wall. The members Miles came to know during his research are now dead.

Though depleted by war and natural death of its members, the Fifteenth New York Infantry's feats are widely known. The trials passed along the way toward accomplishing those acts are not.

ITEMS FROM THE CAROLINA SPARTAN & THE JOURNAL NEWSPAPERS

Contributed by Nancie O'Sullivan, 180 Frady Rd, Spartanburg, SC 29307; nancieo@earthlink.net.

[Note: The articles from the 1832 newspaper probably were first found in a Greenville, SC newspaper.]
May 12, 1832

MARRIED - On Thursday evening last, by Rev. Mr. Gibson, Capt. William Choice to Miss Caroline Cleveland. On the 3d inst., by the Rev. Jonathan Deweese, Dr. Mark M. Johnson, to Miss Matilda C. Alexander, only daughter of Mr. Robert Alexander, all of Greenville District.

OBITUARY - DIED on the 1st inst., Mrs. Nancy Austin, wife of Wm. Austin in the ninety-second year of her age. A few more months would have completed the 70th year since this couple were married. [May 12, 1832]

MARRIED - In Chester District, on the 24th inst., by the Rev. J.L. Davis, Alexander PEDEN, Esq. of Greenville to Miss Sarah McCall. [Feb. 18, 1832]

DIED - In Chester Dist., on the 3d inst., of consumption, Wm. C. Young, Esq. aged 36 years, former Prop. of the Greenville Republican. [Feb. 18, 1832]

DIED - on the 1st of December last, Mr. Charles Bruce, Sen. in the 88th year of his age.
[Feb. 18, 1832]

\$50 REWARD

Ranaway from the Subscriber on the 8th of November last, a negro man named DANIEL. He is about 30 or 35 years of age and very black- nearly or quite 6 feet high, slender built, and I think, has two front teeth out, or notches in them. He can read and write. ...John Hodges. [July 30, 1831]

The Subscriber at Flat Rock, Buncombe Co., NC, and 36 miles north of Greenville Court House, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that his home is in order for the reception of those who may call on him.

The Southern Mail Stage arrives at this place every Saturday at 8AM and leaves every Monday at 1pm. June 18, 1831. William Murray.

NOTICE- ALL persons having demands against the estate of Ann Logan, dec'd are requested to hand them in, properly proven and those indebted to make payments to Wm. Choice, Administrator. June 18, 1831.

Articles from 1870

December, 1870

MARRIED - On Tuesday, the 12th of December, by Rev. R.H. Reid, Mr. Edward B. Gaston of Spartanburg, to Miss Amanda S. Wynne of Greenville.

On December 8th, by Rev. J.D. McCollough, Mr. Belton O. Turner to Miss Helen K. Smith, eldest daughter of George A. Smith, all of Spartanburg.

On November 4th, by Rev. J.G. Landrum, Mr. Isaac M. Smith to Miss Alice C. Linder.

In Spartanburg, the 29th December, by Rev. McCullough, Mr. Edwin W. Peeples of Buford, SC to Miss Marian Kerrison, eldest daughter of Mr. Charles Kerrison.

December 28th, by R. BRIANT, N.P. Mr. William T. Briant to Mrs. Nelly Burgess, Spartanburg.

December 23rd, 1869 by Rev. J.S. Ezell, Mr. Asa W. Tindall, Jr. to Miss Sarah H. Byars, all of Spartanburg.

MASONIC

At the annual Communication of New Prospect Lodge no. 143 A.F. M. the following officers were elected: M.O. Rowland, W.P. Compton, P.B. Hall, Henry Lyles, J.B. Landrum, W.P. Bishop, W.H. Foster, Benj.F. Alverson, R.H. Dodd, Jno.W. Younger.

Officers Elected at Reidville:

H.V. Westmoreland, T.T. Westmoreland, J.D. Leonard, W.R. Gaston, M.D. Hadden.

Officers Elected at Bethel: E.S. Allen, S.P. Lanford, S.E. Mason, S.S. Robuck, J.M. Gwinn.

STOLEN from the subscriber near Jonesville, on the night of the Dec. 21st, a cream colored horse, John Wright.

PINE GROVE ACADEMY -twenty week session terms and tuition per session as follows:

SPELLING, READING, WRITING - \$6.00; ENGLISH- \$10.00; HIGHER ENGLISH- \$12.00,

MATHEMATICS- \$12.50. See L.D. Miller Spartanburg

NOTICE -there will be a final settlement of the personal estate of A. Jackson Pearson, deceased, February 7, 1870 Spartanburg court house.

FIRE

About 8 o'clock pm Friday night, Mr. H. Thomson's blacksmith shop was discovered on fire. The alarm was given and in a few minutes the fire was extinguished, before it had done much injury to the building.

MAIL ROBBERY

A registered letter containing fifty-three dollars was taken from the mail bag between this place and Shelby, N.C. T.C. Gladden, the mail carrier, was arrested and we understand he has confessed his guilt.

SHERIFF'S SALE

Spartanburg in Probate Court-John Dewberry - I will sell to the highest bidder 300 acres of land more or less, lying on N. Pacolet River being the real estate of Henry Kelso, decd.

also

Lot. No. 4, containing 172 acres, bounded by John Byars, Wm. Clary.

also

200 acres of land bounded by lands of W.W. Rhones, John P. Casey, J.R. Casey and others, levied upon as the property of Jess Casey, deceased at the suit of C.P. Sullivan vs C.L. Casey, Ex'or.

GLENN SPRING SCHOOL

I will resume the exercises of this school, the second Monday in January next. C.S. Beard, Principal.

OBITUARY - Mr. Hiram Mitchell

This old and highly respected citizen of our village died very suddenly on Sat. last. He was born in Connecticut, September, 1806. In 1827 he came to Spartanburg as a peddler and by honesty he established a good trade. In 1812 *sic* he married the daughter of Col. W.W. Harris, who with four children survive him. His disconsolate family have our sympathy....

GREEN PEAS

Mrs. Woodward Allen will please accept our acknowledgement for a mess of english peas sent us on Saturday.

STRAWBERRIES

We do know how to express our appreciation of that bowl of large strawberries which Captain Woodruff presented to us last week. The Captain is always doing something kind and clever.

A RIOT

On Thursday night, a party of intoxicated U.S. Soldiers entered the shop of Mr. Miller on Main Street, and behaved in such a boisterous and disorderly manner, that the proprietor ordered them away. They refused to go. A fight ensued which Miller fired upon them with a pistol, wounded three. We hope the officers in command will introduce a better discipline among his troops.

Articles from *The Journal and Carolina*, Spartanburg 1919.**S.C. MAN FATHER OF 66 CHILDREN**

October 2- John H. Lynch, will be 90 years old next April and is as hearty as any youngster of 70. Forty-two of his children are living. The oldest William, is now 70 and the youngest, little Woodroy, is seven years old. He has been married four times. He married Miss Lou Hudson of Chester Co. SC, a young woman of 21 years old and he was 65. Born and reared in Lincoln Co., N.C. of Scotch-Irish parentage, son of John W. Lynch, a successful farmer and merchant. Mr. Lynch as a lad received his regular county

school education of his time. For a few years as a bookkeeper, became a gold-miner. When the civil war broke out, he was working in a gold mine near Kings Mountain, N.C. He volunteered his services and went to the front with the Cleveland Blues of the 16th NC Reg. He fought at Bull Run and was wounded and left him crippled. He is fond of recounting his war experiences. Mr. Lynch family dates back to the colonial days in America, when Mr. Lynch's grandfather came to this country from Ireland. Longevity of life and large families are characteristics. One member of his family in Utah reared a family of 36 children.

DEATH OF AGED CITIZEN

November 19.- J.B. West, 65, passed away at the home of his son, W.V. West, at Great Falls, SC yesterday. He will be brought here for interment at Bethlehem Church near Roebuck. Mr. West has for a number of years made his home with his daughter, Mrs. J.J. Wolfe, at Tucapau. He is survived by four brothers, one sister and three children.

TUCAPAU HONOR ROLL

November 12.- 10th grade- Clarice Cannon; 9th grade- Lewis Linder, Lois Morris. 8th grade-Anna Gault, Horace Boiter, Marie Hill. 7th grade- Christine Barry, Myrtle Boiter, Lucille Gault, Alma Lee Perry. 6th grade- Evie Griffith, Lillie May Bright, Edith Willis. 5th grade- Ostie Boone, Iberia Chandler, Claudine West. 4th grade- Susie McKenny, Lillian Jackson, Marvin Reaves, Loma Patton, Callie Patton, Alma Bright. 3rd grade- Archie Frady, Rupert Davis, Frances Schford, Fram Hill, Earl Shelton, Jennie Brown Suttle. 2nd grade- Jessie May Berry, Alpha Davis, Grace Ammons, Eugene Reaves, Wm. Reaves. 1st grade- Alberta Calaway, Ruth Curry, Lores West, Bessie West, J.T. Babb, Lloyd Eppley, Aleen Johnson, Lillie Mae Horn, Irene Johnson, Viola Crow, Margaret Wolfe, Ruth Shelton.

MRS. BUICE DEAD-October 30.

Mrs. J.H. Buice, of Gaffney, died last Saturday at Duluth, Ga. and the body was brought to Gaffney for interment at Camps Creek cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Buice were at Duluth, near which point they had certain farming interest, when she was stricken. She is survived by her husband and five children and one brother, E.F. Pritchard of Cherokee Co.

LITTLE LUCILLE FOSTER BURIED AT ARROWOOD

October 28.- The funeral services of Lucille Foster, the bright seven year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sam B. Foster, was held yesterday at Arrowood church two miles from Chesnee. She is survived by three small sisters.

POSTMASTERS AT UNA, SOUTH CAROLINA

Contributed by Lynn Hicks Sellers, 302 Mt. Zion Road, Spartanburg, SC 29303.

Contributor's Note: Una is a community located in Spartanburg County. Its name was derived from the first Postmaster, Mrs. Una May Abbott Justice. In 1928, the post office came about in the following way. Mrs. Justice's husband, Wilbur Justice, and a Judson Brooks were trying to Unionize the cotton mills and needed a post office close to where they lived. Mr. Justice ran a store at Una and Mr. Brooks had started operating a printing company there. He started the printing company to promote his Union paper, "The News Review". One was a democrat and one a republican and both solicited the government for a post office and got it. The Postmaster was appointed by political appointment. Many of the people moved during the early days into Una because it was near Saxon Mills and Arcadia Mills. At one time Una had a

blacksmith shop, two fertilizer plants, several stores, a printing shop, a cotton gin plant (Caldwell's Oil Mill), Lawson's dry cleaners, churches and even some bootleggers. They also had a school there for black children, Stephen Grove School. My grandfather, Edward Leland Hicks, was a store owner in Una. I obtained a list of the postal workers at Una from the Postmaster Tracking System, Postmasters by Post Office. Postal workers at Una for years 1928 through October 2000 are given below.

Name	Position	Date Appointed
Una May Abbott Justice	Postmaster	November 14, 1928
J.L. Brooks	Acting Postmaster	July 3, 1925
Wilbur P. Justice	Postmaster	November 23, 1935
Judson L. Brooks	Acting Postmaster	April 9, 1938
Vivian Clayton	Acting Postmaster	September 28, 1938
Vivian Clayton	Postmaster	November 17, 1938
Cathryn L. Finger	Acting Postmaster	November 20, 1940
Cathryn L. Finger	Postmaster	December 16, 1940
Ruby Loudermilk	Acting Postmaster	July 28, 1941
Mabel Loftis	Acting Postmaster	October 21, 1941
Mabel Loftis	Postmaster	January 5, 1942
Mary Justice Cribb	Acting Postmaster	June 7, 1942
[Contributor's Note: Mary Justice Cribb was the daughter of Wilbur and Una Mae Abbott Justice.]		
Mary Justice Cribb Hall	Postmaster	July 25, 1942
Dorothy Ellen Lewis Melton	Officer in Charge	June 30, 1972
[Contributor's Note: Officer in Charge is the same as Acting Postmaster.]		
Ellen Melton	Postmaster	January 5, 1974
Shirley Tate	Officer in Charge	
Shirley Tate	Postmaster	October 1, 1983
Pat Farr	Officer in Charge	September 16, 1992
Kathy Dickson	Officer in Charge	March 30, 1993
Annette Thompson	Officer in Charge	August 1993
Elaine Proleux	Postmaster	September 18, 1993
Kevin Hunter	Officer in Charge	April 29, 1997
Carolyn Coggins	Officer in Charge	May 23, 1997
Jerry Reno	Postmaster	May 24, 1997
Barbara Dunn	Officer in Charge	October 24, 2000

BREAZEALE FAMILY REUNION ORGANIZED AT ANDERSON

Contributed by Dr. James L. Reid, 730 Walnut Hill Road, Campobello, SC 29322.

Source: *The Kneese Courier*, issue of Wednesday, October 11, 1911, page 2, column 4.

On Saturday, September 30th, at Belton, a large number of descendants of Kenon Breazeale, Sr., met and organized for the purpose of holding an annual reunion and perpetuating the history of this large family. There were present at the meeting over one hundred descendants, many of whom did not know that several of their friends who were present descended from the same ancestor.

Kenon Breazeale, the senior, lived in the latter part of the eighteenth century and fought in Washington's army. He moved to South Carolina from Virginia and raised a large family. He lived to be more than one hundred years old. There were nine children, and estimating the present descendants, it is

thought that they will number over two thousand.

The first generation of nine children is as follows: Enoch Breazeale, Peggy Breazeale Major, Griffin Breazeale, Sarah Breazeale Pepper, Williamson Breazeale, David K. Breazeale, Matthew Breazeale, Aiken Breazeale, Laura Breazeale Cox.

Each of the above descendants raised large families, and to enumerate the children of each of the above would occupy too much space.

The organization was perfected as follows: John E. Breazeale, chairman; Leon L. Rice, secretary; Miss Eva Stringer, historian.

The following committees were appointed: Committee on time and place and arrangements for next reunion - O.J. Copeland, chairman; E.T. Breazeale, Bailey B. Breazeale, Jr.; O.K. Poore, W.K. Stringer.

Committee on publicity - T.J. Martin, chairman; Leon L. Rice, O.L. Copeland.

Committee of "family tree" - Miss Eva Stringer, ex-officio chairman; Miss Allie Major, T.J. Martin, O.J. Copeland, J.W. Elrod, Mrs. Mary M. Kay, Mrs. Tiney Austin. There will be two additions to this committee by the chairman later.

The committee on family tree has in charge the preparation of a plat showing the branches of the family, and any aid that can be given this committee in the work will be appreciated.

Any descendants who read this article are requested to write to Miss Eva Stringer at Belton S.C., giving such information as they have in hand.

The next reunion will be held some time next summer. Due notice will be given.

OBITUARY OF WILLIAM WALLER OF ANDERSON DISTRICT

Source: *The Anderson Gazette*, issue of Friday, June 14, 1844, p. 3., col. 4.

Died at his residence in the village of Anderson, on Friday evening the 7th inst., Mr. WILLIAM WALLER, in the 62d year of his age. He was born in Durham, England and emigrated to the city of Charleston in 1811, where he resided until 1837, when he left the city, with the hope of regaining his health, which had become greatly impaired by an Asthmatic affliction. It was the happy fortune of the deceased to endear himself to all the various circles in which he moved. In his intercourse with the world, he was frank, generous and manly; with a heart which never turned from the afflicted if its benevolence and charity could alleviate suffering and sorrow; and when he had done a good deed he was impressed with the consciousness of a rich reward, if not earth, in the courts of glory. He had been for 38 years an exemplary member of the Episcopal Church, and his career through life was adorned with all the graces and virtues which beautify the Christian character. The Sabbath before his decease was spent with the people of God in religious devotions; and when he gave full expression to his feeling, it was done in the belief that the hour was near at hand when he must bid adieu to time and enter upon eternity—with the confident hope of meeting his christian brothers in Heaven; nor did this hope fail him in the trying hour of death—when sinking into its icy embrace he manifested great calmness and resignation in viewing the termination of his earthly course strengthened by the consciousness that he was going to his 'home eternal and in the skies where the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest.'

He has left a wife, four daughters and one son, an affectionate family to deplore their melancholy and grievous bereavement.

His body was interred in the yard of the Presbyterian Church, and the funeral services performed in presence of a large concourse of the citizens of our Village and its vicinity. Let the living imitate the virtues of the dead.—*Comm.*

OBITUARY OF NATHANIEL JEFFERS OF ANDERSON DISTRICT

Source: *The Highland Sentinel* (Calhoun, Anderson District, S.C.) issue of Friday January 6, 1843, p. 3.

DIED—In this village on Tuesday morning the 27th of December last *Mr. Nathaniel Jeffers*, aged about Sixty years. Mr. Jeffers was one of the first settlers of our village, and, from all the kindness and generosity of his nature, had long enjoyed the devoted esteem and confidence of our citizens who knew him.

He had for many years been an exemplary member of the Baptist church. His disease was dropsy of the chest, and his confinement long and painful. He endured his suffering with the fortitude of a true christian, and died rejoicing in the hope of a blessed immortality, beyond the grave.

SPARTANBURG IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM

Source: *Carolina Spartan*, issue of April, 17, 1873, p. 2.

Capt. BLASSINGAME, who has just returned from Europe, informed us that while in the British Museum in London, he saw a piece of gold embeded in Sand Stone, labeled "Middle Tyger, Spartanburg District, S.C." How did it get there?

THE OLDEST MAN IN THE COUNTY

Contributed by Dr. James L. Reid, 730 Walnut Hill Road, Campobello, SC 29322.

Editor's Note: This article and the one following were both contributed by Dr. Reid who also has a query in this issue pertaining to Abbotts. Perhaps some of you will find these articles helpful and may have the answers he is seeking.

Source: *The Carolina Spartan*, issue of March 18, 1891, p. 3.

Henry Abbott, or "Honey Bee" as he used to call himself, is perhaps the oldest man in the county. A few years ago, we tried to ascertain his age, but he and some of his sons differed in opinion. Saturday Mr. W. M. Foster was in town and he says that Henry was born February 1795. Mr. Foster has a remarkably fine memory and he says that his mother, who died only ten or twelve years ago, often said that she was born in December and Henry in February 1795. She was positively certain of this. Henry recently finished up his 96th year and has entered on the 97th with a fair prospect of reaching one hundred. During the winter he has been rather feeble but he is generally able to walk into town and attend the monthly meetings of the Mechanics Building and Loan Association. He has broken down on his weather prophecies and during the recent long wet spell was very silent as to when it would clear off.

HENRY ABBOTT'S TALK

Source: *Carolina Spartan*, issue of March 25, 1891, p. 3, col. 2.

Henry was invited to THE SPARTAN office last week to tell something about the people who were living about Coulter's Ford [Spartanburg County] when he was a boy. His father was Solomon Abbott, who is well remembered by some of our older people. He died 1856 to 1858, about 100 years old. His grandfather was William Abbott, who came from Abbott's Creek, Virginia. Henry says that Drury Dobbins preached his funeral and it was a "monstrous good sermon." Henry married Elizabeth Guyton, who was raised by old Uncle Billy Webber. Webber died on Thickety, at the place now owned by Major Doggett of Gaffney City. He says she was the prettiest girl in all the country, or he would not have had her. An old man by the name of Coulter lived at the ford and gave name to it. Ephraim Elder, Clayborn Holt, Jerry McMillan, Jimmie Trail, Jimmie Turner and Captain [Isaac] Young were some of the people who were his

neighbors in his boyhood. George Turner, his grandfather, was an Englishman. He is buried at the Island. The first school teacher he ever heard of in that neighborhood was Suki Hattaway (Hathaway). She was a crippled woman and came from England. The next teacher he remembers was "a big feller, a great chawer of tobacco. One man saw a chaw lying in the road and he shot at it thinking it was a turtle dove." John Stone lived at the Cherokee Spring, which was then called "Mud Spring." When he was a boy people came there to be cured of the itch and other skin diseases. One man brought a blind negro there and in a few weeks of rubbing with the mud and drinking the water he could see to walk a pole across the creek. Stone was a hat-maker. Then another teacher of a later date was Aaron Templeton. The Linders and the Turners all went to school to him. When asked who the first preacher was that he ever saw his reply was: "Old Daddy Stubblefield, and he came from Virginia. He was an comb-maker, a worn-out old man—a goodhearted old Christian, and I believe went to Heaven." Then came Daddy Richards, Berry Hicks, and Drury Dobbins, and after them Uncle Dickey Turner. "Daddy" Richards married Henry, for which service he received a silver dollar. John Scott was also one of the old citizens of that country. In that day everybody who was any account made liquor. There was no money except silver in those days. When asked who was the Magistrate or Squire when he was a boy, he said, "We didn't need any. We tied up people with hickory bark and whipped them on the bare back. One man by the name of McDaniel painted up a white woman and sold her to my daddy as a nigger. They soon found out about it and tied 'em both up and whipped 'em just right." There were no stores in the country then. There was one little one in town here with a very light stock of goods. In that day and time fighting and getting drunk were thought of no consequence. Henry when a young man did not object to a little tussle himself. He says one of his big fights was with a man by the name of Tom Brock, who was afterwards hanged at Greenville. He did not know Brock, but he and Captain Young and one or two others came to where he was keeping a still house and bought thirty gallons of liquor. They started off in their wagon and stopped on the top of the hill. In a short while Brock came back and told Henry he was going to whip him. Henry said: "We went at it in dead earnest. I weighed 150 pounds and wasn't afraid of any one. After we fought awhile Captain Young and the others came back to see it out. Young took his seat on a pile of wood and sang this song:

"Did you ever see the weasel skin
That Billy poked his finger in?
He drew it through and back again,
The good old licks are louden-in."

He meant by that song that I must double my licks on Brock. I tell you there was blood there on the ground many a day, and it didn't come out of me either. I broke my finger in the fight, but I mighty near eat him up. I bit him on the face and back of the neck and chewed off one ear and it took me a week to pick all the meat out of my teeth."

: What do the dudes of this day and time think of such fights as they had in the good old days when there were no pistols and it was considered disgraceful to use knives?

We publish Henry's rambling talk because it may induce some person to give us a sketch of the early days of that section of our county.

BOOK REVIEW

General Daniel Morgan: Reconsidered Hero by Richard L. Morgan, Ph.D. Spiral bound, 49 pages, illustrated. Cost \$15.75 including postage. Available from the Burke County Historical Society, Box 151, Morganton, NC 28655.

The year 2002 marks the bicentennial of the death of Gen. Daniel Morgan and Morganton, NC (the only town in the nation named for him) plans to honor this milestone. As part of this celebration, the Burke County Historical Society published this monograph. In many ways, despite his brilliance at Cowpens, Morgan is the Revolution's forgotten general. A recent publication (*Macmillan Dictionary of Military History*)

doesn't even mention him and it has been forty years since the last biography of Morgan appeared.

Part of the problem is that Morgan was extremely reticent about his parentage and background. For example, it is uncertain whether he was born in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, or Virginia and the names of his parents are unknown as are the names of any siblings he may have had. The only reason we know that he was born about 1736 is that a British officer during a 1776 exchange of prisoners asked Morgan his age and he replied 40. There is much speculation as to his origins but no firm proof. Although the author doesn't raise the possibility, Morgan may have been illegitimate. (Gen. Morgan was equally closed mouthed about his own illegitimate son, Willoughby Morgan. Although his illustrious parentage was common knowledge and he greatly resembled his father, Morgan never acknowledged him. The mother's identity remains uncertain to this day. Incidentally, he also had his father's gift for military prowess and had a "brilliant combat record" during the War of 1812.) No significant collection of family papers is known to exist. Compounding the situation is the fact that Morgan's only confidant planned to write a biography of the general after Morgan's passing but died before doing so—leaving only a one page outline behind.

Although brief, this well documented volume increased my knowledge of and respect for Daniel Morgan. Dr. Morgan is to be commended for his well-crafted and researched study. He provides an interesting glimpse of both the man and his exploits. One hopes that this publication will cause more original resources to be made available and that the author will write a more detailed biography of General Morgan in the future.

FINAL NOTICE ON FALK, WRIGHT AND BOST ESTATES

Source: *Carolina Spartan*, issue of February 15, 1866.

As I desire to wind up the Estates of E. A. Falk, J. P. Wright and J. M. Bost, at as early a period as possible, all persons having claims against said Estates, must hand them in at once.—And all persons indebted by ACCOUNT or NOTE, must pay up, as I shall proceed to issue on them as soon as the law will permit and without further notice.

J. M. Elford, Atty

HOMICIDE

Contributed by Joey Bishop. (See query on next page.)

Source: *The Carolina Spartan*, issue of Wednesday, November 7, 1872.

On Thursday night last, Henry Peheof was stabbed and killed by Montgomery Bishop. The murder occurred in front of the dwelling of the murdered man, in the Northern part of this County. The particulars of the sad affair, so far as we have heard them, are briefly these: Mr. Peheof was at the camp of a wagoner, who had stopped in front of his house, and while there Montgomery Bishop, with two others, came down the road, and stopped at the camp. Bishop was drunk. He struck a little grandson of Peheof's, who was present, and threatened him with further violence, when Mr. Peheof id or said something which caused Bishop to stab him in the left breast, of which he died in a few minutes. Mr. Peheof was sober and according to the information we have received, was attempting to prevent Bishop from injuring his little grandson. They were on good terms with each other, and the sad occurrence like four-fifths of the murders that occur in the land, is to be attributed alone to whiskey. Mr. Peheof was about sixty years of age, an honest, industrious and highly respected citizen, and his untimely death is deeply regretted by all who knew him. Bishop made his escape and is yet at large.

Spartanburg Court

Contributor's note: The following case was found in *The Union Weekly Times*, issue of April 11, 1873, page 2. The case was tried in the Court of General Sessions for Spartanburg County.

The State vs. Montgomery Bishop, for the murder of his uncle, Mr. Peheof—guilty, and sentenced to twenty-five years in the Penitentiary.

QUERIES

Query Editor: Faye Berry, 833 Hayne Street, Spartanburg, SC 29301-1866
Phone: 864-585-8125 Fax: 864-585-0308 E-mail: fbjrgphs@spartanburg.net

BISHOP

Joey Bishop, 1075 Rock Hill Church Rd., Inman, SC 29349 E-mail: JDB3fan@aol.com. Phone: 864-472-6214.

Searching for parents of Montgomery Bishop. He was born about 1850 and died in November 1879 of brain fever. He was married to Frances Tapp. They had a daughter, Rosa, who shows as age 10 in 1880 but is not listed in 1900. They also had two sons, George Manning Bishop and Augustus McRoyal Bishop who was an early Inman Chief of Police. The following are some other facts known about Montgomery Bishop. 1) I know he had an uncle, Henry Peahuff (spelled various ways) and I know he murdered this uncle. I know that Henry Peahuff had a sister named Anna who wed George Washington Bishop. George Washington Bishop died in 1892. No G.W. Bishop in 1880 or 1900 matches the age or family members of the "Washington" Bishop living with Anna in 1870. In the original census for 1870, the name Washington Bishop has definitely been erased and rewritten. The age of this person, family members and ages of family members are identical to Montgomery's family. This family is living with Anna (nee Peahuff) Bishop which would also mean this person had an uncle Henry Peahuff. There is no other G.W. or Washington Bishop who matches the age of this person in any Spartanburg County census after 1870. So, I conclude that this is Montgomery Bishop and his parents were G.W. and Anna (Peahuff) Bishop. Will appreciate hearing from other Bishop researchers regarding my conclusions. Hopefully, someone out there has reached the same conclusions and perhaps even has some proof.

ABBOTT

Dr. James L. Reid, 730 Walnut Hill Rd., Campobello, SC 29322.

I would like to contact someone who has information on the full name of the first wife of Revolutionary War soldier, John Rowland Abbott, who lived in the part of old Pendleton District that became Oconee County. One of their sons is known to be George W. Abbott, whose wife was indicated as Sarah C. Abbott in court records of Oconee County. I would like to discover her maiden name. Any help will be much appreciated.

DOAK DOKES SPENCE

Ann N. Lindgren, 3720 Washburn Ave., Fort Worth, Texas 76107. Phone: 817-738-8276.

Will greatly appreciate any help on Alexander Doak (Dokes) who was born in 1760 and served in the American Revolution. He was in Spartanburg County, SC in 1790 with his five orphans. About 1803, he married second to Mrs. Deborah Willingham in Charleston, SC. His daughter, Jane, married John Marion Spence, Sr. in Wilkinson County, Georgia. John Marion Spence, Sr. was born in either Baldwin or Wilkerson County, Georgia in 1814. Will share information and will answer all letters.

DON'T FORGET TO SEND IN YOUR QUERIES

GREENVILLE COUNTY, SC CRIMINAL INDEX 1801-1901

(Continued from Vol. XI, No. 2)

Note: The originals also contain the file number but this is not given because it isn't always legible on the copy available to the editor.

BOWERS Tho & Jno BENSON, Killing Hogs, Nol Pros, Spring 1800. BARTON Jno & Tho Jr. & another, Assault & Battery, Nol Pros, Fall 1800. BROWN Willey S, Assault & Battery, Verdict "Guilty", Fall 1800. BISHOP Goulden, Horse Stealing, Verdict "Guilty", Spring 1802. BRUCE Elijah, Horse Stealing, Discharged, Spring 1802. BRYANT Rachel, Petit Larceny, Guilty, Spring 1803. BRUCE Chs. & W^m YOUNG, Sci Fa Jurors, Excused, Fall 1803. BRUCE Eliz^a, Petit Larceny, Guilty, Fall 1804. BRUCE Charles, Assault on Officer, Guilty, Spring 1805. BLACKBURN Josiah, Assault & Battery, Nol Pros, Spring 1805. BLACKBURN Ambrose, Burglary, No Bill, Spring 1805. BLACKBURN Ambrose, Assault & Battery, Compromised, Spring 1805. BURDIN Davis, Assault & Battery, Nol Pros, Fall 1805. BLACKBURN, Ambrose. "forft Recg^m", Discharged, Fall 1805. BEDSO Abr^m et al, Assault & Battery, Discharged, Spring 1806. BROCK James, Assault & Battery, Plead Guilty, Fall 1806. BLUNDLE Absolem, Assault & Battery, Guilty, Spring 1807. BRYMBERY Peter "forf Recog^m", Fined, Spring 1807. BRASURE Tho et al, Defaulting Jurors, Excused, Spring 1807. BROWN W^m, Petit Larceny, No Bill, Spring 1808. BLANK-ENSHIP W^m, Assault & Battery, Plead Guilty, Fall 1808. BLACKBURN A et al, Assault on Sheriff, Guilty, Fall 1809. BRISLES (or BRISTES) H & A ACKER, Assault & Battery, Guilty, Spring 1810. BURNS Meriman, "forft Recgnce", Discharged, Fall 1811. BRUCE Chs Jr., Assault & Battery, No Bill, Fall 1811. BURTIN Rich M., Assault & Battery, Guilty, Fall 1812. BURTIN Rich. M., Assault & Battery [different case], Not Guilty, Fall 1812. BUTLER John et al, Defaulting Juror, Excused, Fall 1813. BAIN Arch, Killing a Horse, Discharged, Fall 1813. BATES (BALES?) Moses, Retailing, "Non Est In", Spring 1814. BRUCE Chs, "Sending a challenge to fight", No Bill, Fall 1814. BRUCE Joel, Assault, No Bill, Spring 1815. BOWLES, W^m, Assault, No Bill, Spring 1815. BOYCE Drury, Riot, Nol Pros, Spring 1816. BOWLES, Abel, Larceny, Guilty, Fall 1816. BISHOP & CLAYBOURNE, Mal. Mischief, Nol Pros, Fall 1816. BARTON Elisha, Larceny, Nol Pros, Spring 1817. BISHOP James, Larceny, No Bill, Spring 1818. BARNETT James, Assault & Battery, Nol Pros, Fall 1818. BRIDWELL Jno, Retailing Spirits, Guilty, Fall 1819. BARBARY Howard, Larceny, Not Guilty, Fall 1819. BLACK Jacob et al, Trading with Negroes, Nol Pros, Fall 1819. BALDWIN Edward, Libel, Not Guilty, Spring 1820. BIRDSEY Ezekiel, Hawking without License, No Bill, Spring 1820. BROWN John, Retailing without License, No Bill, Fall 1820. BROWN Dan^l, Forgery, "not acted on for want of information", Fall 1820. BROWN Dan^l, Horse Stealing, "deft broke Jail", Fall 1820. BURGESS Tho, Forgey, Nol Pros, Fall 1820. BURGESS Tho, Larceny, [Disposition not given.], Fall 1821. BROCK Walker, "Abusing Negroes", Nol Pros, Fall 1821. BOTTOMS Parker, Assault & Battery, "nol Bill", Spring 1822. BRAY Lewis, Assault & Battery, Guilty, Fall 1822. BLACK Jacob Jr et al, Petit Larceny, Not Guilty, Spring 1823. BRIDWELL J., Vagrancy, Nol Pros, Spring 1823. BLACKSTOCK W^m, Assault & Battery, Guilty, Spring 1823. BOWEN Eliz & W^m, Hog Stealing, No Bill, Spring 1823. BRIDWELL Jno, Perjury, Nol Pros, Spring 1823. BRIDWELL Edward, Perjury, Nol Pros, Spring 1823. BRASHER Frances et al, Trespass, Nol Pros, Fall 1823. BRIDWELL Jno et al, Assault & Battery, Guilty, Spring 1825. BEEDLOVE Jno W., Negro Stealing, [Disposition not given.], Spring 1825. BURNETT Jos, Assault & Battery, No Bill, Spring 1826. BLAKELEY James, Larceny, Nol Pros, Spring 1826. BURNS Rebecca, Larceny, Nol Pros, Spring 1826. BRIDWELL Jacob, Assault & Battery, Guilty, Spring 1826.

To be continued.

SOME NAMES FROM UNION DISTRICT POOR REPORTS

The following are some of the names of paupers found in records of the Commissioners of the Poor for Union District, S. C. Photocopies of the originals of these reports are in possession of the editor and were provided by the late Tommy J. Vaughan. The listings here may not represent the total content of the report for any given time. Therefore, they may not be comprehensive listings for the period covered.

Report dated August 30, 1814

John Praver, Lydia Hill, Eliz^b Farmer, Blind Burton, John Edwards, Ann Cooper, Charity Hill, W. Hunt, Eliz^b Quinton, Sarah White^r, Sara Patterson, and John Hunt.

Report from covering 3 Oct. 1853 to 2 Oct. 1854.

Richard Smith, Hopkins Crocker, Ann Mitchell, Mr. M^cGrace, Giles Mitchell, "Mary Batys child", Andrew Bate, Nancy Evans, Amanda Chandler, John Vaughan, Martha Hany (or Harry), Henry Mardis, Lucy Mitchell, Martha Mitchell, George Kerhaw, W^m Kershaw, Eliza Chandler, Martha Dawsey, and Martha Baty.

* * *

INDEX

Abbett 20,21,22	Barry 41	Bowen 13,48	Burroughs 24
Abbette 21	Barton 48	Bowers 48	Burtin 48
Abbott 17,18,19,22, 41,42,44,47	Bates 12,24,25,26,48	Bowles 48	Burton 49
Acker 48	Baty 49	Boyce 31,48	Butler 48
Adair 21	Bean 13	Boyd 14	Button 13
Adams 13,29	Beard 40	Brady 30	Byars 2,39,40
Adamson 16	Bedso 48	Bragg 34	Byers 13
Addison 12	Bennet 32	Brakefield 3	
Agner 24	Benson 48	Brasher 48	Calaway 41
Aiken 32	Berry 41,47	Brasure 48	Caldwell 42
Alexander 38	Bird 34	Bray 48	Camel 24
Allen 10,39,40	Birdsey 48	Breazeale 42,43	Cannon 35,41
Alverson 39	Bishop 13,39,46,47,48	Breedlove 48	Carlisle 3,4
Aammons 41	Black 14,48	Briant 39	Carter 30
Armstrong 13	Blackburn 48	Bridwell 48	Casey 40
Arnold 3	Blackstock 48	Bright 41	Chamblin 23
Arwood 16	Blake 34	Brisles 48	Chandler 41,49
Austin 38,43	Blakeley 48	Bristes 48	Choice 38,39
	Blankenship 48	Brock 45,48	Christner 34
	Blassingame 44	Brooks 12,41,42	Clary 40
Babb 19,41	Blundie 48	Brown 12,13,48	Claybourne 48
Bain 48	Boggs 1,2,22,23,24,26, 27,28,29	Bruce 38,48	Clayton 1,3,5,6,24,42
Baker 14,38		Bryant 48	Cleveland 38
Baldwin 48	Bogs 29	Bryer 22	Clinkscales 14
Bales 48	Boiter 41	Brymbery 48	Clinton 30
Bane 49	Boone 41	Buice 41	Coggins 42
Barbary 48	Bost 46	Burdin 48	Colburn 6
Barker 4,34	Bostick 35	Burgess 39,48	Coleman 30,31
Barnes 35	Bottoms 48	Burns 13,48	Compton 39
Barnett 48	Bowden 30	Burnett 48	Cooper 49

Cope 32	Fello 32	Gray 31	Hughes 21
Copeland 43	Fennell 23	Greenfield 13	Hunt 49
Coulter 44	Ferdin 30	Greer 2	Hunter 4,42
Cox 4,43	Finey 34	Gregory 30	
Crawford 14, 30	Finger 42	Gresham 30	Jackson 10,11,31,41
Cribb 42	Fish 36,37	Grier 31	James 2,31
Crocker 49	Fisher 35	Griffen 30	Jeffers 44
Crow 41	Fleming 35	Griffin 10,11	Jenkins 20,21
Curry 41	Flemming 29	Griffith 41	Jeter 12
	Floyd 24,36	Gunter 24	Johnson 38,41
	Foot 30	Guntharp 31	Jordan 35
Dallas 34	Foster 21,39,41,44	Guthrie 31	Justice 41,42
Dandis 34	Frady 41	Guy 31,32	
Darby 30	Fraser 25,26	Guyton 44	Kay 43
Davis 14,19,24,30,34, 38,41	Fraser 26	Gwinn 39	Kelso 40
Dawsey 49	Frazier 4,12,25		Kelton 6
DeGraffenried 31	Fuller 27,28	Hadden 39	Kennedy 2
Dendy 21,23,24,25,27, 28	Furguson 30	Hagood 21	Kennett 37
		Haile 16	Kerrison 39
Dewberry 40	Gaines 4,5	Hall 39,42	Kershaw 49
Deweese 38	Gains 14	Hallum 24	Kilburn 21
Dickson 21,42	Galloway 2	Hallums 28	Killpatrick 23
Dillard 3,4,5,6,11	Gamble 31	Hamilton 2,3,4,22,23, 24,25,26,27,28,29	Kimbrel 13
Doak 47	Garner 24	Hamlin 2	King 4,6
Dobbins 44,45	Gartin 30	Hammons 16	Kirkpatrick 25,26
Dodd 39	Garvin 24	Hanna 13	Lanchester 35
Doggett 44	Gassaway 30	Hany 49	Landress 4
Dokes 47	Gaston 30,31,39	Hare 18	Landrum 39
Dowis 24	Gault 41	Harper 6	Lanford 39
Doyle 19	Gaydon 31	Harris 5,40	Lankford 32
Dunn 42	Gentry 34	Harry 49	Lee 24
Durham 5	Getsingers 34	Haskell 19	Leland 34
Dye 32	Gibson 4,5,30,31,38	Hathaway 45	Lenhart 15
	Gilchrist 30	Hattaway 45	Leonard 35,39
Eakin 29	Gill 30,31,32	Hayward 37,38	Lewis 23
Edwards 49	Gillespa 31,32	Henderson 16	Linder 39,41,45
Elder 44	Gillespie 19	Hendrix 24	Lindgren 47
Elford 46	Gilmore 30,31	Herring 34	Loftis 42
Ellison 6	Gilstrap 24	Hicks 34,41,42,45	Logan 39
Elmore 34	Gladden 30,31,40	Hill 24,41,49	Long 30
Elrod 43	Glenn 30,34	Hitler 35	Loudermilk 42
Eppley 41	Godshell 35	Hodges 34,39	Lowry 24
Europe 37	Golding 30	Holcombe 22	Lyles 39
Evans 49	Gooch 31,32	Holland 24	Lynch 40,41
Everts 32	Goode 4	Hollingsworth 24	
Ezell 39	Goore 30	Holloway 16	M'Call 38
	Gourly 30	Holly 24	Macmillan 45
Falk 46	Goya 30	Holt 44	Magee 14
Farmer 49	Grafton 31	Horn 41	Major 24,43
Farnandis 14	Graham 30,31	House 16	Mardis 49
Farr 42	Grant 32	Hudson 40	Marion 18
Fathey 32			

- Martin 34,43
 Mason 39
 Maukin 4
 Maxwell 15
 McCall 38
 McCann 23
 McClure 30
 McCollough 39
 McCullough 39
 McDaniel 45
 McDonald 32
 McDonnell 27
 McGrace 49
 McGuffins 21
 McKenny 41
 McKoy 13
 McMillan 44
 McRae 6
 McWhorter 25
 Melton 42
 Merriel 34
 Milam 32
 Miles 38
 Miller 39,40
 Mims 12
 Mitchell 40,49
 Mobley 31
 Moore 4,16,29,34
 Morgan 45,46
 Morris 41
 Morton 6
 Murphy 5
 Murray 39
 Murriel 34

 Neely 2
 Newton 14
 Nicholls 36
 Niely 29

 Odell 26, 27
 Odom 34
 Oliver 25
 Osborn 2
 O'Sullivan 38

 Pardue 31
 Parsons 22,23,25,26,
 28
 Patterson 49
 Patton 41
 Peahuff 47

 Pearson 39
 Peden 38
 Peeples 39
 Peheof 46
 Pehoof 46
 Perry 41
 Phillips 20,21,22
 Pickens 17
 Picket 30
 Poore 10,43
 Prater 23,25,26
 Prator 24
 Pratt 14
 Praver 49
 Pritchard 41
 Proleux 42
 Pyles 14

 Quinn 13
 Quinton 49

 Rainey 30
 Rains 30
 Rasor 14
 Reaves 41
 Reid 3,8,16,17,18,20,
 30,32,39,42,44,47
 Renit 29
 Reno 42
 Rhodes 40
 Rice 14,43
 Richards 45
 Robertson 2
 Robinson 16,31
 Robuck 39
 Roper 24
 Rowell 30
 Rowland 39

 Saly 31
 Sargiant 24
 Schford 41
 Scott 37,38,45
 Sears 4
 Sease 34
 Sellers 34,41
 Shelton 4,41
 Simkins 12
 Sissle 37
 Smith 28,34,39,49
 Spence 47
 Steele 25

 Stephens 5,11
 Stevens 5
 Stewart 1
 Stribling 22,34
 Stringer 43
 Strong 30
 Stubblefield 45
 Sullivan 40
 Sunrow 34
 Suttle 41

 Tapp 47
 Tate 34,42
 Taylor 4,5,24
 Templeton 1,24,45
 Terrell 2
 Thomasson 13
 Thompson 34,42
 Thomson 10,40
 Timms 4
 Tindall 39
 Todd 4
 Trail 44
 Trey 30
 Trotter 4
 Trout 34
 Tucker 14
 Turner 2,15,39,44,45

 Vanderbilt 38
 Vaughan 49

 Waldrop 34
 Walker 13,32
 Waller 43
 Ware 14
 Webber 44
 Wertz 2
 West 41
 Westmoreland 39
 Whit 31
 White 32,35,49
 Whitfield 5
 Wilhelm 35
 Willard 34
 Williams 14,27
 Willingham 47
 Willis 41
 Wisher 29
 Wolfe 41
 Woodruff 40
 Woodson 1

 Wright 3,39,46
 Wynne 39

 Yongue 30
 Young 38,44,45,48
 Youngblood 13
 Younger 39

SLAVES

- Anderson (Hamilton)
 26,27
 Antony (Hamilton) 26,
 27

 Berry (Hamilton) 26,
 27
 Billy (Hamilton) 26,27

 Celia (Hamilton) 26
 Cezar (Hamilton) 23

 Eliza (Hamilton) 26,27
 Emily (Hamilton) 26,
 27

 Green (Hamilton) 26,
 27

 Harriet (Hamilton) 26,
 27

 Isaac (Hamilton) 26

 John Westley (Hamil-
 ton) 26,27
 Julia (Hamilton) 26,27

 Malinda (Hamilton) 23
 Maria (Hamilton) 27
 Mariah (Hamilton) 26

 Sampson (Hamilton)
 26,27
 Susan (Hamilton) 26

 Thomas (Hamilton)
 26,27

 Westley, John (Hamil-
 ton) 26,27